

Chapter 6 Roots, Radicals, and Root Functions

Section 6.1 Practice Exercises

1.
 - a. $b; a$
 - b. principal
 - c. $b^n; a$
 - d. index; radicand
 - e. cube
 - f. is not; is
 - g. even; odd
 - h. Pythagorean; c^2
 - i. $[0, \infty); (-\infty, \infty)$
 - j. -5 and -4

3.
 - a. 8 is a square root of 64 because $8^2 = 64$.
 -8 is a square root of 64 because $(-8)^2 = 64$.
 - b. $\sqrt{64} = 8$
 - c. There are two square roots for every positive number. $\sqrt{64}$ identifies the positive square root.

5.
 - a. $\sqrt{81} = 9$
 - b. $-\sqrt{81} = -9$

7. There is no real number b such that $b^2 = -36$.

9. $\sqrt{49} = 7$

11. $-\sqrt{49} = -7$

13. $\sqrt{-49}$ is not a real number.

15. $\sqrt{\frac{64}{9}} = \frac{8}{3}$

17. $\sqrt{0.81} = 0.9$

19. $-\sqrt{0.16} = -0.4$

21.
 - a. $\sqrt{64} = 8$
 - b. $\sqrt[3]{64} = 4$
 - c. $-\sqrt{64} = -8$
 - d. $-\sqrt[3]{64} = -4$
 - e. $\sqrt{-64}$ is not a real number.
 - f. $\sqrt[3]{-64} = -4$

23. $\sqrt[3]{-27} = -3$

25. $\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{8}} = \frac{1}{2}$

27. $\sqrt[5]{32} = 2$

29. $\sqrt[3]{-\frac{125}{64}} = -\frac{5}{4}$

31. $\sqrt[4]{-1}$ is not a real number.

33. $\sqrt[6]{1,000,000} = 10$

35. $-\sqrt[3]{0.008} = -0.2$

37. $\sqrt[4]{0.0625} = 0.5$

39. $\sqrt{a^2} = |a|$

41. $\sqrt[3]{a^3} = a$

43. $\sqrt[6]{a^6} = |a|$

45. $\sqrt{(x+1)^2} = |x+1|$

47. $\sqrt{x^2y^4} = \sqrt{x^2(y^2)^2} = |x|y^2$

49. $-\sqrt[3]{\frac{x^3}{y^3}} = -\frac{x}{y}, y \neq 0$

51. $\frac{2}{\sqrt[4]{x^4}} = \frac{2}{|x|}, x \neq 0$

53. $\sqrt[3]{(-92)^3} = -92$

55. $10\sqrt[10]{(-2)^{10}} = |-2| = 2$

57. $7\sqrt[7]{(-923)^7} = -923$

59. $\sqrt{y^8} = \sqrt{(y^4)^2} = y^4$

61. $\sqrt{\frac{a^6}{b^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{(a^3)^2}{b^2}} = \frac{a^3}{b}$

63. $-\sqrt{\frac{25}{q^2}} = -\frac{5}{q}$

65. $\sqrt{9x^2y^4z^2} = \sqrt{9x^2(y^2)^2z^2} = 3xy^2z$

67. $\sqrt{\frac{h^2k^4}{16}} = \sqrt{\frac{h^2(k^2)^2}{16}} = \frac{hk^2}{4}$

69. $-\sqrt[3]{\frac{t^3}{27}} = -\frac{t}{3}$

$$71. \quad \sqrt[5]{32y^{10}} = \sqrt[5]{32(y^2)^5} = 2y^2$$

$$75. \quad a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$12^2 + b^2 = 15^2$$

$$144 + b^2 = 225$$

$$b^2 = 81 \Rightarrow b = 9 \text{ cm}$$

$$79. \quad a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$4^2 + 3^2 = c^2$$

$$16 + 9 = c^2$$

$$25 = c^2 \Rightarrow c = 5 \text{ mi}$$

They were 5 mi apart.

$$83. \quad h(x) = \sqrt{x-2}$$

$$\text{a. } h(0) = \sqrt{0-2} = \sqrt{-2}$$

not a real number

$$\text{b. } h(1) = \sqrt{1-2} = \sqrt{-1}$$

not a real number

$$\text{c. } h(2) = \sqrt{2-2} = \sqrt{0} = 0$$

$$\text{d. } h(3) = \sqrt{3-2} = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$\text{e. } h(6) = \sqrt{6-2} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$x-2 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 2 \quad \text{Domain: } [2, \infty)$$

$$87. \quad f(x) = \sqrt{5-2x}$$

$$5-2x \geq 0$$

$$-2x \geq -5$$

$$x \leq \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\text{Domain: } \left(-\infty, \frac{5}{2}\right]$$

$$73. \quad \sqrt[6]{64p^{12}q^{18}} = \sqrt[6]{64(p^2)^6(q^3)^6} = 2p^2q^3$$

$$77. \quad a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$12^2 + 5^2 = c^2$$

$$144 + 25 = c^2$$

$$169 = c^2 \Rightarrow c = 13 \text{ ft}$$

$$81. \quad a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$20^2 + 15^2 = c^2$$

$$400 + 225 = c^2$$

$$625 = c^2 \Rightarrow c = 25 \text{ mi}$$

They are 25 mi apart.

$$85. \quad g(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-2}$$

$$\text{a. } g(-6) = \sqrt[3]{-6-2} = \sqrt[3]{-8} = -2$$

$$\text{b. } g(1) = \sqrt[3]{1-2} = \sqrt[3]{-1} = -1$$

$$\text{c. } g(2) = \sqrt[3]{2-2} = \sqrt[3]{0} = 0$$

$$\text{d. } g(3) = \sqrt[3]{3-2} = \sqrt[3]{1} = 1$$

$$\text{Domain: } (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$89. \quad k(x) = \sqrt[3]{4x-7}$$

$$\text{Domain: } (-\infty, \infty)$$

91. $M(x) = \sqrt{x-5} + 3$
 $x - 5 \geq 0$
 $x \geq 5$

Domain: $[5, \infty)$

95. a. $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x}$
 $1 - x \geq 0$
 $-x \geq -1$
 $x \leq 1$
 $(-\infty, 1]$

b. Create a table of ordered pairs where x values are taken to be less than or equal to 1.

x	$f(x)$
1	0
0	1
-3	2
-8	3
-15	4

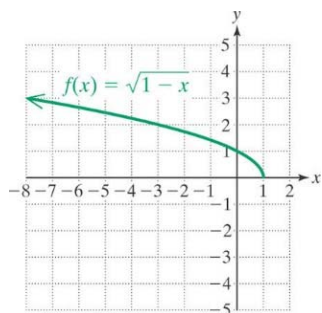
$$f(1) = \sqrt{1-1} = \sqrt{0} = 0$$

$$f(0) = \sqrt{1-0} = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$f(-3) = \sqrt{1-(-3)} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$f(-8) = \sqrt{1-(-8)} = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

$$f(-15) = \sqrt{1-(-15)} = \sqrt{16} = 4$$



93. $F(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+7} - 2$
Domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$

97. a. $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$
 $x + 3 \geq 0$
 $x \geq -3$
 $[-3, \infty)$

b. Create a table of ordered pairs where x values are taken to be greater than or equal to -3 .

x	$f(x)$
-3	0
-2	1
1	2
6	3
13	4

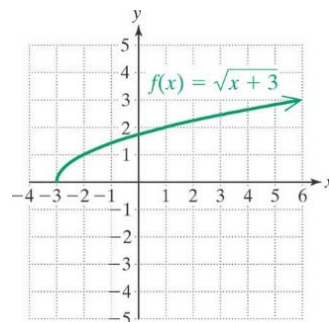
$$f(-3) = \sqrt{-3+3} = \sqrt{0} = 0$$

$$f(-2) = \sqrt{-2+3} = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$f(1) = \sqrt{1+3} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$f(6) = \sqrt{6+3} = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

$$f(13) = \sqrt{13+3} = \sqrt{16} = 4$$



99. a. $f(x) = \sqrt{x} + 2$
 $x \geq 0$
 $[0, \infty)$

- b. Create a table of ordered pairs where x values are taken to be greater than or equal to 0.

x	$f(x)$
0	2
1	3
4	4
9	5
16	6

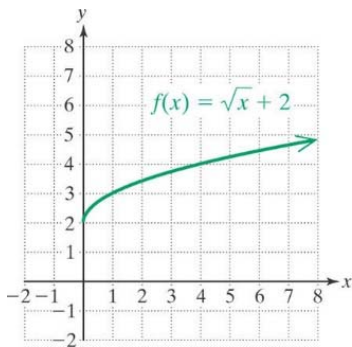
$$f(0) = \sqrt{0} + 2 = 0 + 2 = 2$$

$$f(1) = \sqrt{1} + 2 = 1 + 2 = 3$$

$$f(4) = \sqrt{4} + 2 = 2 + 2 = 4$$

$$f(9) = \sqrt{9} + 2 = 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$f(16) = \sqrt{16} + 2 = 4 + 2 = 6$$



103. $q + p^2$

101. a. $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1}$

The index is odd; therefore the domain is all real numbers.

$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

- b. Create a table of ordered pairs where x values are taken to be all real numbers.

x	$f(x)$
-7	-2
0	-1
1	0
2	1
9	2

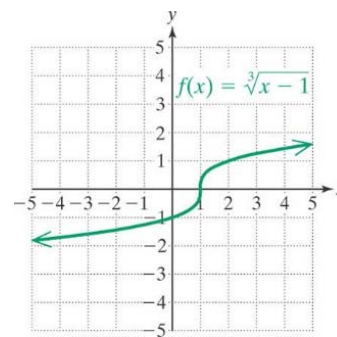
$$f(-7) = \sqrt[3]{-7-1} = \sqrt[3]{-8} = -2$$

$$f(0) = \sqrt[3]{0-1} = \sqrt[3]{-1} = -1$$

$$f(1) = \sqrt[3]{1-1} = \sqrt[3]{0} = 0$$

$$f(2) = \sqrt[3]{2-1} = \sqrt[3]{1} = 1$$

$$f(9) = \sqrt[3]{9-1} = \sqrt[3]{8} = 2$$



105. $\frac{6}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$

$$107. \quad s^2 = 64$$

$$s = \sqrt{64}$$

$$= 8 \text{ in.}$$

$$109. \quad \sqrt{69} \approx 8.3066$$

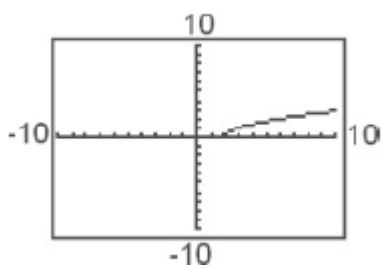
$$111. \quad 2 + \sqrt[3]{5} \approx 2 + 1.7100$$

$$= 3.7100$$

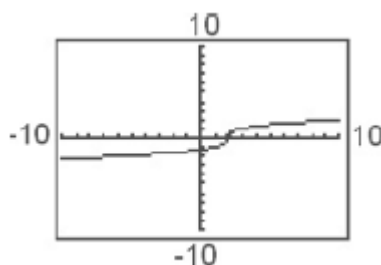
$$113. \quad 7\sqrt[4]{25} \approx 15.6525$$

$$115. \quad \frac{3 - \sqrt{19}}{11} \approx -0.1235$$

117.



119.



Section 6.2 Practice Exercises

$$1. \quad \text{a. } \sqrt[n]{a}$$

$$\text{c. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\text{b. } (\sqrt[n]{a})^m \text{ or } \sqrt[n]{a^m}$$

$$\text{d. } 2; \frac{1}{2}$$

$$3. \quad \sqrt{25} = 5$$

$$5. \quad \sqrt[4]{81} = 3$$

$$7. \quad 144^{1/2} = \sqrt{144} = 12$$

$$9. \quad -144^{1/2} = -\sqrt{144} = -12$$

$$11. \quad (-144)^{1/2} = \sqrt{-144} \text{ is not a real number.}$$

$$13. \quad (-64)^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{-64} = -4$$

$$15. \quad 25^{-1/2} = \frac{1}{25^{1/2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{25}} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$17. \quad -49^{-1/2} = -\frac{1}{49^{1/2}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{49}} = -\frac{1}{7}$$

19. $a^{m/n} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$; The numerator of the exponent represents the power of the base. The denominator of the exponent represents the index of the radical.

21. a. $16^{3/4} = (\sqrt[4]{16})^3 = 2^3 = 8$

b. $-16^{3/4} = -(\sqrt[4]{16})^3 = -(2^3) = -8$

c. $(-16)^{3/4} = (\sqrt[4]{-16})^3$ is not a real number

d. $16^{-3/4} = \frac{1}{16^{3/4}} = \frac{1}{(\sqrt[4]{16})^3} = \frac{1}{2^3} = \frac{1}{8}$

e. $-16^{-3/4} = \frac{1}{-16^{3/4}} = \frac{1}{-(\sqrt[4]{16})^3}$
 $= \frac{1}{-(2^3)} = \frac{1}{-8}$

f. $(-16)^{-3/4} = \frac{1}{(-16)^{3/4}}$
 $= \frac{1}{(\sqrt[4]{-16})^3}$

is not a real number.

23. a. $25^{3/2} = (\sqrt{25})^3 = 5^3 = 125$

b. $-25^{3/2} = -(\sqrt{25})^3 = -(5^3) = -125$

c. $(-25)^{3/2} = (\sqrt{-25})^3$ is not a real number

d. $25^{-3/2} = \frac{1}{25^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{25})^3} = \frac{1}{5^3} = \frac{1}{125}$

e. $-25^{-3/2} = \frac{1}{-25^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{-(\sqrt{25})^3} = \frac{1}{-(5^3)}$
 $= -\frac{1}{125}$

f. $(-25)^{-3/2} = \frac{1}{(-25)^{3/2}}$
 $= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-25})^3}$

is not a real number.

25. $64^{-3/2} = \frac{1}{64^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{64})^3} = \frac{1}{8^3} = \frac{1}{512}$

27. $243^{3/5} = (\sqrt[5]{243})^3 = 3^3 = 27$

29. $-27^{-4/3} = \frac{1}{-27^{4/3}} = \frac{1}{-(\sqrt[3]{27})^4}$
 $= \frac{1}{-(3)^4}$
 $= -\frac{1}{81}$

31. $\left(\frac{100}{9}\right)^{-3/2} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{100}{9}\right)^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{\frac{100}{9}}\right)^3}$
 $= \frac{1}{\left(\frac{10}{3}\right)^3} = \frac{1}{\frac{1000}{27}}$
 $= \frac{27}{1000}$

$$33. \quad (-4)^{-3/2} = \frac{1}{(-4)^{3/2}} \\ = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-4})^3} \text{ is not a real number}$$

$$35. \quad (-8)^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{-8} = -2$$

$$37. \quad -8^{1/3} = -\sqrt[3]{8} = -2$$

$$39. \quad \frac{1}{36^{-1/2}} = 36^{1/2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$41. \quad \frac{1}{1000^{-1/3}} = 1000^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{1000} = 10$$

$$43. \quad \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{2/3} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{1/2} = \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{8}}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} \\ = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$45. \quad \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^{-3/4} - \left(\frac{1}{49}\right)^{-1/2} = 16^{3/4} - 49^{1/2} \\ = (\sqrt[4]{16})^3 - \sqrt{49} = (2)^3 - 7 \\ = 8 - 7 = 1$$

$$47. \quad \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{1/2} + \left(\frac{1}{64}\right)^{-1/3} = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{1/2} + (64)^{1/3} \\ = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt[3]{64} = \frac{1}{2} + 4 \\ = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$49. \quad q^{2/3} = \sqrt[3]{q^2}$$

$$51. \quad 6y^{3/4} = 6\sqrt[4]{y^3}$$

$$53. \quad x^{2/3} y^{1/3} = (x^2 y)^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{x^2 y}$$

$$55. \quad 6r^{-2/5} = 6 \cdot \frac{1}{r^{2/5}} = \frac{6}{\sqrt[5]{r^2}}$$

$$57. \quad \sqrt[3]{x} = x^{1/3}$$

$$59. \quad 10\sqrt{b} = 10b^{1/2}$$

$$61. \quad \sqrt[3]{y^2} = y^{2/3}$$

$$63. \quad \sqrt[4]{a^2 b^3} = (a^2 b^3)^{1/4}$$

$$65. \quad x^{1/4} x^{-5/4} = x^{1/4 + (-5/4)} = x^{-1} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$67. \quad \frac{p^{5/3}}{p^{2/3}} = p^{(5/3) - (2/3)} = p^1 = p$$

$$69. \left(y^{1/5}\right)^{10} = y^{(1/5)(10)} = y^2$$

$$71. 6^{-1/5} 6^{3/5} = 6^{(-1/5)+(3/5)} = 6^{2/5}$$

$$73. \frac{4t^{-1/3}}{t^{4/3}} = 4t^{(-1/3)-(4/3)} = 4t^{-5/3} = \frac{4}{t^{5/3}}$$

$$75. \left(a^{1/3} a^{1/4}\right)^{12} = \left(a^{1/3}\right)^{12} \left(a^{1/4}\right)^{12} = a^{12/3} a^{12/4} \\ = a^4 a^3 = a^{3+4} = a^7$$

$$77. \left(5a^2 c^{-1/2} d^{1/2}\right)^2 \\ = 5^2 \left(a^2\right)^2 \left(c^{-1/2}\right)^2 \left(d^{1/2}\right)^2 \\ = 5^2 a^4 c^{-2/2} d^{2/2} = 25a^4 c^{-1} d^1 \\ = \frac{25a^4 d}{c}$$

$$79. \left(\frac{x^{-2/3}}{y^{-3/4}}\right)^{12} = \frac{\left(x^{-2/3}\right)^{12}}{\left(y^{-3/4}\right)^{12}} = \frac{x^{-24/3}}{y^{-36/4}} \\ = \frac{x^{-8}}{y^{-9}} = \frac{y^9}{x^8}$$

$$81. \left(\frac{16w^{-2}z}{2wz^{-8}}\right)^{1/3} = \left(8w^{-2-1}z^{1-(-8)}\right)^{1/3} \\ = \left(8w^{-3}z^9\right)^{1/3} \\ = 8^{1/3} \left(w^{-3}\right)^{1/3} \left(z^9\right)^{1/3} \\ = \sqrt[3]{8} w^{-3/3} z^{9/3} \\ = 2w^{-1}z^3 \\ = \frac{2z^3}{w}$$

$$83. \left(25x^2 y^4 z^6\right)^{1/2} = 25^{1/2} \left(x^2\right)^{1/2} \left(y^4\right)^{1/2} \left(z^6\right)^{1/2} \\ = \sqrt{25} x^{2/2} y^{4/2} z^{6/2} \\ = 5xy^2 z^3$$

$$85. \left(x^2 y^{-1/3}\right)^6 \left(x^{1/2} yz^{2/3}\right)^2 \\ = \left(x^2\right)^6 \left(y^{-1/3}\right)^6 \left(x^{1/2}\right)^2 y^2 \left(z^{2/3}\right)^2 \\ = x^{12} y^{-2} x^1 y^2 z^{4/3} = x^{12+1} y^{-2+2} z^{4/3} \\ = x^{13} y^0 z^{4/3} \\ = x^{13} z^{4/3}$$

$$87. \left(\frac{x^{3m} y^{2m}}{z^{5m}}\right)^{1/m} = \frac{\left(x^{3m}\right)^{1/m} \left(y^{2m}\right)^{1/m}}{\left(z^{5m}\right)^{1/m}} \\ = \frac{x^{3m/m} y^{2m/m}}{z^{5m/m}} = \frac{x^3 y^2}{z^5}$$

$$89. \text{ a. } r = \left(\frac{A}{P}\right)^{1/t} - 1$$

$$r = \left(\frac{16,802}{10,000}\right)^{1/5} - 1 \approx 0.109 = 10.9\%$$

c. The account in part (a).

$$b. r = \left(\frac{18,000}{10,000}\right)^{1/7} - 1 \approx 0.088 = 8.8\%$$

$$91. r = \left(\frac{3V}{4\pi}\right)^{1/3}$$

$$r = \left(\frac{3(85)}{4\pi}\right)^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3(85)}{4\pi}} \approx 2.7 \text{ in}$$

$$93. \sqrt[6]{y^3} = y^{3/6}$$

$$= y^{1/2}$$

$$= \sqrt{y}$$

$$95. \sqrt[12]{z^3} = z^{3/12} = z^{1/4} = \sqrt[4]{z}$$

$$97. \sqrt[9]{x^6} = x^{6/9} = x^{2/3} = \sqrt[3]{x^2}$$

$$99. \sqrt[6]{x^3y^6} = (x^3y^6)^{1/6} = x^{3/6}y^{6/6}$$

$$= x^{1/2}y = y\sqrt{x}$$

$$101. \sqrt{16x^8y^6} = 16^{1/2}x^{8/2}y^{6/2}$$

$$= 4x^4y^3$$

$$103. \sqrt[3]{8x^3y^2z} = 2x\sqrt[3]{y^2z}$$

$$105. \sqrt[3]{x} = \sqrt{x^{1/3}} = (x^{1/3})^{1/2} = x^{(1/3)(1/2)} = x^{1/6} = \sqrt[6]{x}$$

$$107. \sqrt[5]{\sqrt[3]{w}} = \sqrt[5]{w^{1/3}} = (w^{1/3})^{1/5} = w^{(1/3)(1/5)} = w^{1/15} = \sqrt[15]{w}$$

$$109. 9^{1/2} = 3$$

$$111. 50^{-1/4} \approx 0.3761$$

$$113. \sqrt[3]{5^2} \approx 2.9240$$

$$115. \sqrt{10^3} \approx 31.6228$$

Section 6.3 Practice Exercises

$$1. \text{ a. } \sqrt[n]{a}; \sqrt[n]{b}$$

$$d. 3$$

b. The exponent within the radicand is greater than the index

$$e. t^{12}$$

c. is not

f. No. $\sqrt{2}$ is an irrational number and the decimal form is a nonterminating, nonrepeating decimal

$$\begin{aligned} 3. \quad \left(\frac{p^4}{q^{-6}}\right)^{-1/2} (p^3 q^{-2}) &= \frac{(p^4)^{-1/2}}{(q^{-6})^{-1/2}} (p^3 q^{-2}) = \frac{p^{-4/2}}{q^{6/2}} (p^3 q^{-2}) \\ &= \frac{p^{-2}}{q^3} \cdot p^3 q^{-2} = p^{-2+3} q^{-2-3} \\ &= p q^{-5} = \frac{p}{q^5} \end{aligned}$$

$$5. \quad x^{4/7} = \sqrt[7]{x^4}$$

$$7. \quad \sqrt{y^9} = y^{9/2}$$

$$9. \quad \sqrt{x^5} = \sqrt{x^4 \cdot x} = \sqrt{x^4} \cdot \sqrt{x} = x^2 \sqrt{x}$$

$$11. \quad \sqrt[3]{q^7} = \sqrt[3]{q^6 \cdot q} = \sqrt[3]{q^6} \cdot \sqrt[3]{q} = q^2 \sqrt[3]{q}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 13. \quad \sqrt{a^5 b^4} &= \sqrt{a^4 b^4 \cdot a} = \sqrt{a^4 b^4} \cdot \sqrt{a} \\ &= a^2 b^2 \sqrt{a} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 15. \quad -\sqrt[4]{x^8 y^{13}} &= -\sqrt[4]{x^8 y^{12} \cdot y} = -\sqrt[4]{x^8 y^{12}} \cdot \sqrt[4]{y} \\ &= -x^2 y^3 \sqrt[4]{y} \end{aligned}$$

$$17. \quad \sqrt{28} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 7} = \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{7} = 2\sqrt{7}$$

$$19. \quad \sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 21. \quad 5\sqrt{18} &= 5\sqrt{9 \cdot 2} = 5\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2} = 5 \cdot 3\sqrt{2} \\ &= 15\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$23. \quad \sqrt[3]{54} = \sqrt[3]{27 \cdot 2} = \sqrt[3]{27} \cdot \sqrt[3]{2} = 3\sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 25. \quad \sqrt{25ab^3} &= \sqrt{25b^2 \cdot ab} \\ &= \sqrt{25b^2} \cdot \sqrt{ab} = 5b\sqrt{ab} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 27. \quad \sqrt[3]{40x^7} &= \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 5 \cdot x^6 \cdot x} = \sqrt[3]{8x^6} \cdot \sqrt[3]{5x} \\ &= 2x^2 \sqrt[3]{5x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 29. \quad \sqrt[3]{-16x^6 y z^3} &= \sqrt[3]{-8x^6 z^3 \cdot 2y} \\ &= \sqrt[3]{-8x^6 z^3} \cdot \sqrt[3]{2y} \\ &= -2x^2 z \sqrt[3]{2y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 31. \quad \sqrt[4]{80w^4 z^7} &= \sqrt[4]{16w^4 z^4 \cdot 5z^3} \\ &= \sqrt[4]{16w^4 z^4} \cdot \sqrt[4]{5z^3} \\ &= 2wz \sqrt[4]{5z^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$33. \quad \sqrt{\frac{x^3}{x}} = \sqrt{x^2} = x$$

$$35. \quad \sqrt{\frac{p^7}{p^3}} = \sqrt{p^4} = p^2$$

$$37. \sqrt{\frac{50}{2}} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$

$$39. \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{24}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{8}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$41. \frac{5\sqrt[3]{16}}{6} = \frac{5\sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 2}}{6} = \frac{5\sqrt[3]{8} \cdot \sqrt[3]{2}}{6} \\ = \frac{5 \cdot 2\sqrt[3]{2}}{6} = \frac{5\sqrt[3]{2}}{3}$$

$$43. \frac{5\sqrt[3]{72}}{12} = \frac{5\sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 9}}{12} = \frac{5\sqrt[3]{8} \cdot \sqrt[3]{9}}{12} \\ = \frac{5 \cdot 2\sqrt[3]{9}}{12} = \frac{5\sqrt[3]{9}}{6}$$

$$45. \sqrt{80} = \sqrt{16 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{5} \\ = 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$47. -6\sqrt{75} = -6\sqrt{25 \cdot 3} = -6\sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ = -6 \cdot 5\sqrt{3} = -30\sqrt{3}$$

$$49. \sqrt{25x^4y^3} = \sqrt{25x^4y^2 \cdot y} \\ = \sqrt{25x^4y^2} \cdot \sqrt{y} \\ = 5x^2y\sqrt{y}$$

$$51. \sqrt[3]{27x^2y^3z^4} = \sqrt[3]{27y^3z^3 \cdot x^2z} \\ = \sqrt[3]{27y^3z^3} \cdot \sqrt[3]{x^2z} \\ = 3yz\sqrt[3]{x^2z}$$

$$53. \sqrt{\frac{12w^5}{3w}} = \sqrt{4w^4} = 2w^2$$

$$55. \sqrt{\frac{3y^3}{300y^{15}}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{100y^{12}}} = \frac{1}{10y^6}$$

$$57. \sqrt[3]{\frac{16a^2b}{2a^2b^4}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{b^3}} \\ = \frac{2}{b}$$

$$59. \sqrt{2^3a^{14}b^8c^{31}d^{22}} = \sqrt{2^2a^{14}b^8c^{30}d^{22} \cdot 2c} \\ = \sqrt{2^2a^{14}b^8c^{30}d^{22}} \cdot \sqrt{2c} \\ = 2a^7b^4c^{15}d^{11}\sqrt{2c}$$

$$61. \sqrt[3]{54a^6b^4} = \sqrt[3]{27a^6b^3 \cdot 2b} \\ = \sqrt[3]{27a^6b^3} \cdot \sqrt[3]{2b} \\ = 3a^2b\sqrt[3]{2b}$$

$$63. -5a\sqrt{12a^3b^4c} = -5a\sqrt{4 \cdot 3 \cdot a^2 \cdot a \cdot b^4 \cdot c} \\ = -5a \cdot 2ab^2\sqrt{3ac} \\ = -10a^2b^2\sqrt{3ac}$$

$$65. \sqrt[4]{7x^5y} = \sqrt[4]{x^4 \cdot 7xy} \\ = \sqrt[4]{x^4} \cdot \sqrt[4]{7xy} \\ = x\sqrt[4]{7xy}$$

$$67. \sqrt{54a^4b^2} = \sqrt{6 \cdot 9a^4b^2} \\ = 3a^2b\sqrt{6}$$

$$69. \frac{2\sqrt{27}}{3} = \frac{2\sqrt{9 \cdot 3}}{3} = \frac{2 \cdot 3\sqrt{3}}{3} = 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$71. \frac{3\sqrt{125}}{20} = \frac{3\sqrt{25 \cdot 5}}{20} = \frac{3 \cdot 5\sqrt{5}}{20} = \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{4}$$

$$73. \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{w^6}} = \frac{1}{w^2}$$

$$75. \sqrt{k^3} = \sqrt{k^2 \cdot k} = k\sqrt{k}$$

$$77. a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$8^2 + 10^2 = c^2$$

$$64 + 100 = c^2$$

$$164 = c^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{164}$$

$$= \sqrt{4 \cdot 41} = 2\sqrt{41} \text{ ft}$$

$$79. a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$a^2 + 12^2 = 18^2$$

$$a^2 + 144 = 324$$

$$a^2 = 180$$

$$a = \sqrt{180}$$

$$= \sqrt{36 \cdot 5} = 6\sqrt{5} \text{ m}$$

$$81. a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$90^2 + 90^2 = c^2$$

$$8100 + 8100 = c^2$$

$$16200 = c^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{16200}$$

$$= \sqrt{8100 \cdot 2}$$

$$= 90\sqrt{2} \text{ ft} \approx 127.3 \text{ ft}$$

The distance is $90\sqrt{2}$ ft or approximately 127.3 ft.

83. Let b = the distance from B to C

$$40^2 + b^2 = 50^2$$

$$1600 + b^2 = 2500$$

$$b^2 = 900$$

$$b = \sqrt{900} = 30 \text{ mi}$$

The distance along the four lane highway is $40 + 30 = 70$ mi. The time from A to C via B is

$$t = \frac{70}{55} = \frac{14}{11} \approx 1.27 \text{ hr}$$

The route from A to C via B is the faster.

Section 6.4 Practice Exercises

1. a. index; radicand

b. $2\sqrt{3x}$

c. ca c. cannot; can

d. $4\sqrt{2}$

$$3. \begin{aligned} -\sqrt[4]{x^7 y^4} &= -\sqrt[4]{x^4 y^4 \cdot x^3} \\ &= -\sqrt[4]{x^4 y^4} \cdot \sqrt[4]{x^3} = -xy\sqrt[4]{x^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$5. \frac{\sqrt[3]{7b^8}}{\sqrt[3]{56b^2}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{7b^8}{56b^2}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{b^6}{8}} = \frac{b^2}{2}$$

Section 6.4 Addition and Subtraction of Radicals

$$7. \quad \sqrt[4]{x^3y} = (x^3y)^{1/4} = (x^3)^{1/4} y^{1/4} \\ = x^{3/4} y^{1/4}$$

$$9. \quad y^{2/3} y^{1/4} = y^{(2/3)+(1/4)} = y^{11/12}$$

11. a. $\sqrt{2}$ and $\sqrt[3]{2}$ are not like radicals.
The indices are different.

b. $\sqrt{2}$ and $3\sqrt{2}$ are like radicals.

c. $\sqrt{2}$ and $\sqrt{5}$ are not like radicals.
The radicands are different.

13. a. $7\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5}$ and $7x + 4x$
Both expressions can be simplified by
using the distributive property.

b. $-2\sqrt{6} - 9\sqrt{3}$ and $-2x - 9y$
Neither expression can be simplified
because they do not contain like radicals
or like terms.

$$15. \quad 3\sqrt{5} + 6\sqrt{5} = (3+6)\sqrt{5} \\ = 9\sqrt{5}$$

$$17. \quad 3\sqrt[3]{tw} - 2\sqrt[3]{tw} + \sqrt[3]{tw} = (3-2+1)\sqrt[3]{tw} \\ = 2\sqrt[3]{tw}$$

$$19. \quad 6\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{10} = (6-1)\sqrt{10} = 5\sqrt{10}$$

$$21. \quad \sqrt[4]{3} + 7\sqrt[4]{3} - \sqrt[4]{14} = (1+7)\sqrt[4]{3} - \sqrt[4]{14} \\ = 8\sqrt[4]{3} - \sqrt[4]{14}$$

$$23. \quad 8\sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt{y} - 6\sqrt{x} = (8-6)\sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt{y} \\ = 2\sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt{y}$$

25. $\sqrt[3]{ab} + a\sqrt[3]{b}$ cannot be simplified further.

27. $\sqrt{2t} + \sqrt[3]{2t}$ cannot be simplified further.

$$29. \quad \frac{5}{6}z\sqrt[3]{6} + \frac{7}{9}z\sqrt[3]{6} = \left(\frac{5}{6} + \frac{7}{9}\right)z\sqrt[3]{6} \\ = \left(\frac{15}{18} + \frac{14}{18}\right)z\sqrt[3]{6} \\ = \frac{29}{18}z\sqrt[3]{6}$$

$$31. \quad 0.81x\sqrt{y} - 0.11x\sqrt{y} = (0.81-0.11)x\sqrt{y} \\ = 0.70x\sqrt{y}$$

33. Simplify each radical. Then add like radicals.

$$35. \quad \sqrt{36} + \sqrt{81} \\ = 6 + 9 \\ = 15$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3\sqrt{2} + 7\sqrt{50} &= 3\sqrt{2} + 7\sqrt{25 \cdot 2} \\
&= 3\sqrt{2} + 7 \cdot 5\sqrt{2} \\
&= (3 + 35)\sqrt{2} = 38\sqrt{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
37. \quad 2\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{48} &= 2\sqrt{4 \cdot 3} + \sqrt{16 \cdot 3} \\
&= 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{3} \\
&= 4\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{3} \\
&= (4 + 4)\sqrt{3} \\
&= 8\sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
41. \quad 5\sqrt{18} + \sqrt{27} - 4\sqrt{50} \\
&= 5\sqrt{9 \cdot 2} + \sqrt{9 \cdot 3} - 4\sqrt{25 \cdot 2} \\
&= 5 \cdot 3\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3} - 4 \cdot 5\sqrt{2} \\
&= 15\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3} - 20\sqrt{2} \\
&= (15 - 20)\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3} \\
&= -5\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
45. \quad 3\sqrt{2a} - \sqrt{8a} - \sqrt{72a} \\
&= 3\sqrt{2a} - \sqrt{4 \cdot 2a} - \sqrt{36 \cdot 2a} \\
&= 3\sqrt{2a} - 2\sqrt{2a} - 6\sqrt{2a} \\
&= (3 - 2 - 6)\sqrt{2a} \\
&= -5\sqrt{2a}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
49. \quad 7\sqrt[3]{x^4} - x\sqrt[3]{x} &= 7\sqrt[3]{x^3 \cdot x} - x\sqrt[3]{x} \\
&= 7x\sqrt[3]{x} - x\sqrt[3]{x} \\
&= (7x - x)\sqrt[3]{x} \\
&= 6x\sqrt[3]{x}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
39. \quad 4\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{63} - 2\sqrt{28} &= 4\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{9 \cdot 7} - 2\sqrt{4 \cdot 7} \\
&= 4\sqrt{7} + 3\sqrt{7} - 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{7} \\
&= 4\sqrt{7} + 3\sqrt{7} - 4\sqrt{7} \\
&= (4 + 3 - 4)\sqrt{7} \\
&= 3\sqrt{7}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
43. \quad \sqrt[3]{81} - \sqrt[3]{24} &= \sqrt[3]{27 \cdot 3} - \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 3} \\
&= 3\sqrt[3]{3} - 2\sqrt[3]{3} \\
&= (3 - 2)\sqrt[3]{3} \\
&= \sqrt[3]{3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
47. \quad 2s^2\sqrt[3]{s^2t^6} + 3t^2\sqrt[3]{8s^8} \\
&= 2s^2\sqrt[3]{t^6 \cdot s^2} + 3t^2\sqrt[3]{8s^6 \cdot s^2} \\
&= 2s^2 \cdot t^2\sqrt[3]{s^2} + 3t^2 \cdot 2s^2\sqrt[3]{s^2} \\
&= 2s^2t^2\sqrt[3]{s^2} + 6s^2t^2\sqrt[3]{s^2} \\
&= (2s^2t^2 + 6s^2t^2)\sqrt[3]{s^2} \\
&= 8s^2t^2\sqrt[3]{s^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
51. \quad 5p\sqrt{20p^2} + p^2\sqrt{80} \\
&= 5p\sqrt{4p^2 \cdot 5} + p^2\sqrt{16 \cdot 5} \\
&= 5p \cdot 2p\sqrt{5} + p^2 \cdot 4\sqrt{5} \\
&= 10p^2\sqrt{5} + 4p^2\sqrt{5} \\
&= (10p^2 + 4p^2)\sqrt{5} \\
&= 14p^2\sqrt{5}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 53. \quad \sqrt[3]{a^2b} - \sqrt[3]{8a^2b} &= \sqrt[3]{a^2b} - 2\sqrt[3]{a^2b} \\
 &= (1-2)\sqrt[3]{a^2b} \\
 &= -\sqrt[3]{a^2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$55. \quad 5x\sqrt{x} + 6\sqrt{x} = (5x+6)\sqrt{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 57. \quad \sqrt{50x^2} - 3\sqrt{8} &= \sqrt{25x^2 \cdot 2} - 3\sqrt{4 \cdot 2} \\
 &= 5x\sqrt{2} - 3 \cdot 2\sqrt{2} \\
 &= 5x\sqrt{2} - 6\sqrt{2} \\
 &= (5x-6)\sqrt{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 59. \quad 11\sqrt[3]{54cd^3} - 2\sqrt[3]{2cd^3} + d\sqrt[3]{16c} \\
 &= 11\sqrt[3]{27 \cdot 2cd^3} - 2\sqrt[3]{2cd^3} + d\sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 2c} \\
 &= 11 \cdot 3d\sqrt[3]{2c} - 2 \cdot d\sqrt[3]{2c} + d \cdot 2\sqrt[3]{2c} \\
 &= 33d\sqrt[3]{2c} - 2d\sqrt[3]{2c} + 2d\sqrt[3]{2c} \\
 &= (33-2+2)d\sqrt[3]{2c} = 33d\sqrt[3]{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 61. \quad \frac{3}{2}ab\sqrt{24a^3} + \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{54a^5b^2} - a^2b\sqrt{150a} &= \frac{3}{2}ab\sqrt{4a^2 \cdot 6a} + \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{9a^4b^2 \cdot 6a} - a^2b\sqrt{25 \cdot 6a} \\
 &= \frac{3}{2}ab \cdot 2a\sqrt{6a} + \frac{4}{3} \cdot 3a^2b\sqrt{6a} - a^2b \cdot 5\sqrt{6a} = 3a^2b\sqrt{6a} + 4a^2b\sqrt{6a} - 5a^2b\sqrt{6a} \\
 &= (3+4-5)a^2b\sqrt{6a} \\
 &= 2a^2b\sqrt{6a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 63. \quad x\sqrt[3]{16} - 2\sqrt[3]{27x} + \sqrt[3]{54x^3} \\
 &= x\sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 2} - 2\sqrt[3]{27x} + \sqrt[3]{27x^3 \cdot 2} \\
 &= x \cdot 2\sqrt[3]{2} - 2 \cdot 3\sqrt[3]{x} + 3x\sqrt[3]{2} \\
 &= 2x\sqrt[3]{2} - 6\sqrt[3]{x} + 3x\sqrt[3]{2} \\
 &= (2+3)x\sqrt[3]{2} - 6\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 &= 5x\sqrt[3]{2} - 6\sqrt[3]{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 65. \quad \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} &= \sqrt{x+y} \quad \text{False.} \\
 \sqrt{9} + \sqrt{16} &\neq \sqrt{9+16} \\
 3+4 &\neq \sqrt{25} \\
 7 &\neq 5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$67. \quad 5\sqrt[3]{x} + 2\sqrt[3]{x} = 7\sqrt[3]{x} \quad \text{True.}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 69. \quad \sqrt{y} + \sqrt{y} &= \sqrt{2y} \quad \text{False.} \\
 \sqrt{y} + \sqrt{y} &= 2\sqrt{y} \neq \sqrt{2y}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 71. \quad 2w\sqrt{5} + 4w\sqrt{5} &= 6w^2\sqrt{5} \\
 \text{False: } 2w\sqrt{5} + 4w\sqrt{5} &= 6w\sqrt{5} \neq 6w^2\sqrt{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 73. \quad \sqrt{48} + \sqrt{12} &= \sqrt{16 \cdot 3} + \sqrt{4 \cdot 3} \\
 &= 4\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} \\
 &= (4+2)\sqrt{3} = 6\sqrt{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$75. \quad 5\sqrt[3]{x^6} - x^2 = 5x^2 - x^2 \\ = 4x^2$$

$$77. \quad \sqrt{18} - 5^2$$

The difference of the principal square root of 18 and the square of 5.

$$79. \quad \sqrt[4]{x} + y^3$$

The sum of the principal fourth root of x and the cube of y .

$$81. \quad P = 2\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{24} + \sqrt{54} \\ = 2\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{4 \cdot 6} + \sqrt{9 \cdot 6} \\ = 2\sqrt{6} + 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{6} + 3\sqrt{6} \\ = 2\sqrt{6} + 4\sqrt{6} + 3\sqrt{6} \\ = (2 + 4 + 3)\sqrt{6} \\ = 9\sqrt{6} \text{ cm} \\ \approx 22.0 \text{ cm}$$

$$83. \quad 2\sqrt{50} + 2x = 14\sqrt{2} \\ 2\sqrt{25 \cdot 2} + 2x = 14\sqrt{2} \\ 2 \cdot 5\sqrt{2} + 2x = 14\sqrt{2} \\ 10\sqrt{2} + 2x = 14\sqrt{2} \\ 2x = 4\sqrt{2} \\ x = 2\sqrt{2} \text{ ft}$$

$$85. \quad \text{a. Side from } (0, 6) \text{ to } (6, 9): \\ c^2 = 3^2 + 6^2 = 9 + 36 = 45 \\ c = \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \cdot 5} = 3\sqrt{5} \\ \text{Side from } (6, 9) \text{ to } (7, 7): \\ c^2 = 1^2 + 2^2 = 1 + 4 = 5 \\ c = \sqrt{5} \\ \text{Side from } (7, 7) \text{ to } (4, 1): \\ c^2 = 3^2 + 6^2 = 9 + 36 = 45 \\ c = \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \cdot 5} = 3\sqrt{5} \\ \text{Side from } (4, 1) \text{ to } (2, 2):$$

$$c^2 = 1^2 + 2^2 = 1 + 4 = 5 \\ c = \sqrt{5}$$

Side from (2, 2) to (0, 6):

$$c^2 = 2^2 + 4^2 = 4 + 16 = 20 \\ c = \sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} = 2\sqrt{5} \\ P = 3\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{5} \\ = (3 + 1 + 3 + 1 + 2)\sqrt{5} = 10\sqrt{5} \text{ yd}$$

$$\text{b. } 10\sqrt{5} \approx 22.36 \text{ yd}$$

$$\text{c. } C = 1.49(22.36)(3) + 0.06(1.49(22.36)(3)) \\ = 99.95 + 6.00 = \$105.95$$

Section 6.5 Practice Exercises

1. a. $\sqrt[n]{ab}$
- b. x
- c. a

- d. conjugates
- e. $m - n$
- f. $c + 8\sqrt{c} + 16$

3.
$$-\sqrt{20a^2b^3c} = -\sqrt{4a^2b^2 \cdot 5bc}$$
$$= -2ab\sqrt{5bc}$$
7.
$$-2\sqrt[3]{7} + 4\sqrt[3]{7} = (-2 + 4)\sqrt[3]{7}$$
$$= 2\sqrt[3]{7}$$
11.
$$\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{10} = \sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$
15.
$$(4\sqrt[3]{4})(2\sqrt[3]{5}) = (4 \cdot 2)(\sqrt[3]{4} \cdot \sqrt[3]{5})$$
$$= 8\sqrt[3]{20}$$
19.
$$\sqrt{30} \cdot \sqrt{12} = \sqrt{360} = \sqrt{36 \cdot 10}$$
$$= 6\sqrt{10}$$
23.
$$\sqrt{5a^3b^2} \sqrt{20a^3b^3} = \sqrt{100a^6b^5}$$
$$= \sqrt{100a^6b^4 \cdot b}$$
$$= 10a^3b^2\sqrt{b}$$
27.
$$\left(\sqrt[3]{4a^2b}\right)\left(\sqrt[3]{2ab^3}\right)\left(\sqrt[3]{54a^2b}\right)$$
$$= \sqrt[3]{8a^3b^3 \cdot b \cdot \sqrt[3]{27 \cdot 2a^2b}}$$
$$= 2ab\sqrt[3]{b} \cdot 3\sqrt[3]{2a^2b}$$
$$= 6ab\sqrt[3]{2a^2b^2}$$
31.
$$\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3}) = \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{3}$$
$$= \sqrt{12} - \sqrt{6} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 3} - \sqrt{6}$$
$$= 2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{6}$$
5.
$$x^{1/3} y^{1/4} x^{-1/6} y^{1/3} = x^{(1/3)+(-1/6)} y^{(1/4)+(1/3)}$$
$$= x^{1/6} y^{7/12}$$
9.
$$\sqrt[3]{7} \cdot \sqrt[3]{3} = \sqrt[3]{21}$$
13.
$$\sqrt[4]{16} \cdot \sqrt[4]{64} = \sqrt[4]{2^4} \cdot \sqrt[4]{2^6} = 2\sqrt[4]{2^4 \cdot 2^2}$$
$$= 2 \cdot 2\sqrt[4]{2^2} = 4\sqrt[4]{4}$$
17.
$$(8a\sqrt{b})(-3\sqrt{ab}) = (8a)(-3)(\sqrt{b} \cdot \sqrt{ab})$$
$$= -24a\sqrt{ab^2} = -24ab\sqrt{a}$$
21.
$$\sqrt{6x}\sqrt{12x} = \sqrt{72x^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{36x^2 \cdot 2} = 6x\sqrt{2}$$
25.
$$\left(4\sqrt{3xy^3}\right)\left(-2\sqrt{6x^3y^2}\right) = -8\sqrt{18x^4y^5}$$
$$= -8\sqrt{9x^4y^4 \cdot 2y}$$
$$= -8 \cdot 3x^2y^2\sqrt{2y}$$
$$= -24x^2y^2\sqrt{2y}$$
29.
$$\sqrt{3}(4\sqrt{3} - 6) = \sqrt{3} \cdot 4\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} \cdot (6)$$
$$= 4\sqrt{9} - 6\sqrt{3}$$
$$= 4 \cdot 3 - 6\sqrt{3} = 12 - 6\sqrt{3}$$
33.
$$-\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(6\sqrt{x} + 7) = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x} \cdot 6\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x} \cdot (7)$$
$$= -2\sqrt{x^2} - \frac{7}{3}\sqrt{x}$$
$$= -2x - \frac{7}{3}\sqrt{x}$$

$$35. (\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{10})(4\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{10}) = \sqrt{3} \cdot 4\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{10} + 2\sqrt{10} \cdot 4\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt{10}$$

$$= 4\sqrt{9} - \sqrt{30} + 8\sqrt{30} - 2\sqrt{100} = 4 \cdot 3 + 7\sqrt{30} - 2 \cdot 10 = 12 + 7\sqrt{30} - 20 = -8 + 7\sqrt{30}$$

$$37. (\sqrt{x} + 4)(\sqrt{x} - 9) = \sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} \cdot 9 + 4 \cdot \sqrt{x} - 4 \cdot 9 = \sqrt{x^2} - 9\sqrt{x} + 4\sqrt{x} - 36 = x - 5\sqrt{x} - 36$$

$$39. (\sqrt[3]{y} + 2)(\sqrt[3]{y} - 3) = \sqrt[3]{y} \cdot \sqrt[3]{y} - \sqrt[3]{y} \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{y} - 2 \cdot 3 = \sqrt[3]{y^2} - 3\sqrt[3]{y} + 2\sqrt[3]{y} - 6 = \sqrt[3]{y^2} - \sqrt[3]{y} - 6$$

$$41. (\sqrt{a} - 3\sqrt{b})(9\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}) = \sqrt{a} \cdot 9\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b} - 3\sqrt{b} \cdot 9\sqrt{a} + 3\sqrt{b} \cdot \sqrt{b}$$

$$= 9\sqrt{a^2} - \sqrt{ab} - 27\sqrt{ab} + 3\sqrt{b^2} = 9a - 28\sqrt{ab} + 3b$$

$$43. (\sqrt{p} + 2\sqrt{q})(8 + 3\sqrt{p} - \sqrt{q}) = \sqrt{p} \cdot 8 + \sqrt{p} \cdot 3\sqrt{p} - \sqrt{p} \cdot \sqrt{q} + 2\sqrt{q} \cdot 8 + 2\sqrt{q} \cdot 3\sqrt{p} - 2\sqrt{q} \cdot \sqrt{q}$$

$$= 8\sqrt{p} + 3\sqrt{p^2} - \sqrt{pq} + 16\sqrt{q} + 6\sqrt{pq} - 2\sqrt{q^2} = 8\sqrt{p} + 3p + 5\sqrt{pq} + 16\sqrt{q} - 2q$$

$$45. (\sqrt{15})^2 = 15$$

$$47. (\sqrt{3y})^2 = 3y$$

$$49. (\sqrt[3]{6})^3 = 6$$

$$51. \sqrt{709} \cdot \sqrt{709} = (\sqrt{709})^2 = 709$$

$$53. \text{(a)} (x + y)(x - y) = x^2 - y^2$$

$$55. (\sqrt{13} + 4)^2 = (\sqrt{13})^2 + 2(\sqrt{13})(4) + 4^2$$

$$= 13 + 8\sqrt{13} + 16$$

$$= 29 + 8\sqrt{13}$$

$$\text{(b)} (x + 5)(x - 5) = x^2 - 5^2$$

$$= x^2 - 25$$

$$57. (\sqrt{p} - \sqrt{7})^2 = (\sqrt{p})^2 - 2(\sqrt{p})(\sqrt{7}) + (\sqrt{7})^2$$

$$= p - 2\sqrt{7p} + 7$$

$$59. (\sqrt{2a} - 3\sqrt{b})^2$$

$$= (\sqrt{2a})^2 - 2(\sqrt{2a})(3\sqrt{b}) + (3\sqrt{b})^2$$

$$= 2a - 6\sqrt{2ab} + 9b$$

$$61. (\sqrt{3} + x)(\sqrt{3} - x) = (\sqrt{3})^2 - x^2 = 3 - x^2$$

$$63. (\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}) = (\sqrt{6})^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$= 6 - 2 = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 65. \quad & \left(\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{y}\right)\left(\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{y}\right) \\
 & = \left(\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{y}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{9}x - \frac{1}{4}y
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 67. \text{ a. } & (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{x})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{x}) = \sqrt{3}^2 - \sqrt{x}^2 \\
 & = 3 - x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{b. } & (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{x})(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{x}) \\
 & = \sqrt{3}^2 + 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}^2 \\
 & = 3 + 2\sqrt{3x} + x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c. } & (\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{x})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{x}) \\
 & = \sqrt{3}^2 - 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}^2 \\
 & = 3 - 2\sqrt{3x} + x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$69. \quad \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{6} \quad \text{True.}$$

$$71. \quad (x - \sqrt{5})^2 = x - 5 \quad \text{False.}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (x - \sqrt{5})^2 & = x^2 - 2x\sqrt{5} + (\sqrt{5})^2 \\
 & = x^2 - 2x\sqrt{5} + 5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 73. \quad & 5(3\sqrt{4x}) = 15\sqrt{20x} \quad \text{False.} \\
 & 5 \text{ is multiplied by 3 only.}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$75. \quad \frac{3\sqrt{x}}{3} = \sqrt{x} \quad \text{True.}$$

$$77. \quad (-\sqrt{6x})^2 = 6x$$

$$79. \quad (\sqrt{3x+1})^2 = 3x+1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 81. \quad & (\sqrt{x+3} - 4)^2 \\
 & = (\sqrt{x+3})^2 - 2(\sqrt{x+3})(4) + (4)^2 \\
 & = x+3 - 8\sqrt{x+3} + 16 \\
 & = x+19 - 8\sqrt{x+3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 83. \quad & (\sqrt{2t-3} + 5)^2 \\
 & = (\sqrt{2t-3})^2 + 2(\sqrt{2t-3})(5) + (5)^2 \\
 & = 2t-3 + 10\sqrt{2t-3} + 25 \\
 & = 2t+22 + 10\sqrt{2t-3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 85. \quad & A = \sqrt{40} \cdot 3\sqrt{2} = 3\sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{16 \cdot 5} \\
 & = 3 \cdot 4\sqrt{5} = 12\sqrt{5} \text{ ft}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 87. \quad & A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3\sqrt{5} \cdot 6\sqrt{12} = 9\sqrt{60} = 9\sqrt{4 \cdot 15} \\
 & = 9 \cdot 2\sqrt{15} = 18\sqrt{15} \text{ in.}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 89. \quad \sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt[4]{x} &= x^{1/2} \cdot x^{1/4} = x^{(1/2)+(1/4)} \\ &= x^{3/4} = \sqrt[4]{x^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 91. \quad \sqrt[5]{2z} \cdot \sqrt[3]{2z} &= (2z)^{1/5} \cdot (2z)^{1/3} \\ &= (2z)^{(1/5)+(1/3)} \\ &= (2z)^{8/15} = \sqrt[15]{(2z)^8} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 93. \quad \sqrt[3]{p^2} \cdot \sqrt{p^3} &= p^{2/3} \cdot p^{3/2} \\ &= p^{(2/3)+(3/2)} = p^{13/6} \\ &= \sqrt[6]{p^{13}} = \sqrt[6]{p^{12}} \cdot p = p^2 \sqrt[6]{p} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 95. \quad \frac{\sqrt{u^3}}{\sqrt[3]{u}} &= \frac{u^{3/2}}{u^{1/3}} = u^{(3/2)-(1/3)} \\ &= u^{7/6} = \sqrt[6]{u^7} \\ &= \sqrt[6]{u^6} \cdot u = u \sqrt[6]{u} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 97. \quad \sqrt[3]{x} \cdot \sqrt[6]{y} &= x^{1/3} \cdot y^{1/6} = x^{2/6} \cdot y^{1/6} \\ &= (x^2 y)^{1/6} \\ &= \sqrt[6]{x^2 y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 99. \quad \sqrt[4]{8} \cdot \sqrt{3} &= \sqrt[4]{2^3} \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ &= 2^{3/4} \cdot 3^{1/2} = 2^{3/4} \cdot 3^{2/4} \\ &= (2^3 \cdot 3^2)^{1/4} = \sqrt[4]{2^3 \cdot 3^2} \\ &= \sqrt[4]{8 \cdot 9} = \sqrt[4]{72} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 101. \quad \sqrt[3]{2xy} \cdot \sqrt[4]{5xy} &= (2xy)^{1/3} (5xy)^{1/4} = 2^{1/3} x^{1/3} y^{1/3} 5^{1/4} x^{1/4} y^{1/4} = 2^{4/12} x^{4/12} y^{4/12} 5^{3/12} x^{3/12} y^{3/12} \\ &= 2^{4/12} \cdot 5^{3/12} x^{7/12} y^{7/12} \\ &= (2^4 \cdot 5^3 x^7 y^7)^{1/12} \\ &= \sqrt[12]{2^4 5^3 x^7 y^7} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 103. \quad \sqrt[3]{4m^2 n} \cdot \sqrt{6mn} &= (4m^2 n)^{1/3} (6mn)^{1/2} = 4^{1/3} m^{2/3} n^{1/3} 6^{1/2} m^{1/2} n^{1/2} = 4^{2/6} m^{4/6} n^{2/6} 6^{3/6} m^{3/6} n^{3/6} \\ &= 4^{2/6} \cdot 6^{3/6} m^{7/6} n^{5/6} = (4^2 \cdot 6^3 m^7 n^5)^{1/6} \\ &= \sqrt[6]{2^4 2^3 3^3 m^7 n^5} = \sqrt[6]{2^7 \cdot 2 \cdot 3^3 m^6 mn^5} \\ &= 2m \sqrt[6]{2 \cdot 3^3 mn^5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 105. \quad (\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}) (\sqrt[3]{a^2} - \sqrt[3]{ab} + \sqrt[3]{b^2}) &= \sqrt[3]{a} \cdot \sqrt[3]{a^2} - \sqrt[3]{a} \cdot \sqrt[3]{ab} + \sqrt[3]{a} \cdot \sqrt[3]{b^2} + \sqrt[3]{b} \cdot \sqrt[3]{a^2} - \sqrt[3]{b} \cdot \sqrt[3]{ab} + \sqrt[3]{b} \cdot \sqrt[3]{b^2} \\ &= \sqrt[3]{a^3} - \sqrt[3]{a^2 b} + \sqrt[3]{ab^2} + \sqrt[3]{a^2 b} - \sqrt[3]{ab^2} + \sqrt[3]{b^3} \\ &= a + b \end{aligned}$$

b. $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}}$

c. $\frac{4}{x^2}$

e. is; is not

f. denominator

3.
$$\begin{aligned} 2y\sqrt{45} + 3\sqrt{20y^2} &= 2y\sqrt{9 \cdot 5} + 3\sqrt{4y^2 \cdot 5} \\ &= 2y \cdot 3\sqrt{5} + 3 \cdot 2y\sqrt{5} \\ &= 6y\sqrt{5} + 6y\sqrt{5} \\ &= 12y\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

5.
$$\begin{aligned} (-6\sqrt{y} + 3)(3\sqrt{y} + 1) \\ &= -6\sqrt{y} \cdot 3\sqrt{y} - 6\sqrt{y} \cdot (1) + 3 \cdot 3\sqrt{y} + 3 \cdot 1 \\ &= -18\sqrt{y^2} - 6\sqrt{y} + 9\sqrt{y} + 3 \\ &= -18y + 3\sqrt{y} + 3 \end{aligned}$$

7.
$$\begin{aligned} (8 - \sqrt{t})^2 &= 8^2 - 2 \cdot 8 \cdot \sqrt{t} + (\sqrt{t})^2 \\ &= 64 - 16\sqrt{t} + t \end{aligned}$$

9.
$$\begin{aligned} (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7})(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{7}) &= (\sqrt{2})^2 - (\sqrt{7})^2 \\ &= 2 - 7 \\ &= -5 \end{aligned}$$

11.
$$\sqrt{\frac{49x^4}{y^6}} = \frac{\sqrt{49x^4}}{\sqrt{y^6}} = \frac{7x^2}{y^3}$$

13.
$$\sqrt{\frac{8a^2}{x^6}} = \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot 4a^2}}{\sqrt{x^6}} = \frac{2a\sqrt{2}}{x^3}$$

15.
$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{-16j^3}{k^3}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{-8j^3 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt[3]{k^3}} = \frac{-2j\sqrt[3]{2}}{k}$$

17.
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sqrt{72ab^5}}{\sqrt{8ab}} &= \sqrt{\frac{72ab^5}{8ab}} = \sqrt{9b^4} \\ &= 3b^2 \end{aligned}$$

19.
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sqrt[4]{3b^3}}{\sqrt[4]{48b^{11}}} &= \sqrt[4]{\frac{3b^3}{48b^{11}}} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{16b^8}} = \frac{\sqrt[4]{1}}{\sqrt[4]{16b^8}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2b^2} \end{aligned}$$

21.
$$\frac{\sqrt{3yz^2}}{\sqrt{w^4}} = \frac{z\sqrt{3y}}{w^2}$$

23.
$$\frac{x}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

25.
$$\frac{7}{\sqrt[3]{x}} = \frac{7}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

27.
$$\frac{8}{\sqrt{3z}} = \frac{8}{\sqrt{3z}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3z}}{\sqrt{3z}}$$

29.
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{8a^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{8a^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{2a^2}}{\sqrt[4]{2a^2}}$$

$$31. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$33. \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x}$$

$$35. \frac{6}{\sqrt{2y}} = \frac{6}{\sqrt{2y}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2y}}{\sqrt{2y}} = \frac{6\sqrt{2y}}{\sqrt{(2y)^2}} \\ = \frac{6\sqrt{2y}}{2y} = \frac{3\sqrt{2y}}{y}$$

$$37. \sqrt{\frac{a^3}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{a^3}}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2a \cdot a^2}}{\sqrt{4}} \\ = \frac{a\sqrt{2a}}{2}$$

$$39. \frac{6}{\sqrt{8}} = \frac{6}{\sqrt{4 \cdot 2}} = \frac{6}{2\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \\ = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(2)^2}} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$41. \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{2}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{2^2}}{\sqrt[3]{2^2}} = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{2^2}}{\sqrt[3]{2^3}} \\ = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{4}}{2}$$

$$43. \frac{-6}{\sqrt[4]{x}} = \frac{-6}{\sqrt[4]{x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{x^3}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3}} = \frac{-6\sqrt[4]{x^3}}{\sqrt[4]{x^4}} \\ = \frac{-6\sqrt[4]{x^3}}{x}$$

$$45. \frac{7}{\sqrt[3]{4}} = \frac{7}{\sqrt[3]{2^2}} = \frac{7}{\sqrt[3]{2^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \\ = \frac{7\sqrt[3]{2}}{\sqrt[3]{2^3}} = \frac{7\sqrt[3]{2}}{2}$$

$$47. \sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{w^2}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{4}}{\sqrt[3]{w^2}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{4}}{\sqrt[3]{w^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{w}}{\sqrt[3]{w}} \\ = \frac{\sqrt[3]{4}\sqrt[3]{w}}{\sqrt[3]{w^3}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{4w}}{w}$$

$$49. \sqrt[4]{\frac{16}{3}} = \frac{\sqrt[4]{16}}{\sqrt[4]{3}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt[4]{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{3^3}}{\sqrt[4]{3^3}} = \frac{2\sqrt[4]{3^3}}{\sqrt[4]{3^4}} \\ = \frac{2\sqrt[4]{27}}{3}$$

$$51. \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{4x^2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{2^2 x^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{2x}}{\sqrt[3]{2x}} = \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2x}}{\sqrt[3]{2^3 x^3}} \\ = \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2x}}{2x} \\ = \frac{\sqrt[3]{2x}}{x}$$

$$53. \frac{8}{7\sqrt{24}} = \frac{8}{7\sqrt{4 \cdot 6}} = \frac{8}{7 \cdot 2\sqrt{6}} = \frac{4}{7\sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} \\ = \frac{4\sqrt{6}}{7\sqrt{6^2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{6}}{7 \cdot 6} \\ = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{21}$$

$$55. \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^7}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^6 \cdot x}} = \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^3 \sqrt{x^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^3 \cdot x} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^4}$$

$$57. \frac{2}{\sqrt{8x^5}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{4x^4 \cdot 2x}} = \frac{2}{2x^2 \sqrt{2x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{2x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2x}}{\sqrt{2x}} = \frac{\sqrt{2x}}{x^2 \sqrt{2^2 x^2}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2x}}{x^2 \cdot 2x} = \frac{\sqrt{2x}}{2x^3}$$

$$59. \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}$$

$$61. \sqrt{x} - 23$$

$$63. \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}+3} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}+3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}-3}{\sqrt{2}-3}$$

$$= \frac{4(\sqrt{2}-3)}{(\sqrt{2})^2 - 3^2}$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2}-12}{2-9}$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2}-12}{-7}$$

$$65. \frac{8}{\sqrt{6}-2} = \frac{8}{\sqrt{6}-2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6}+2}{\sqrt{6}+2}$$

$$= \frac{8(\sqrt{6}+2)}{(\sqrt{6})^2 - 2^2}$$

$$= \frac{8(\sqrt{6}+2)}{6-4} = \frac{8(\sqrt{6}+2)}{2}$$

$$= 4(\sqrt{6}+2) = 4\sqrt{6} + 8$$

$$67. \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{3}+2} = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{3}+2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}-2}{\sqrt{3}-2}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{7}(\sqrt{3}-2)}{(\sqrt{3})^2 - 2^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{7} \cdot \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{7} \cdot (2)}{3-4}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{21} - 2\sqrt{7}}{-1}$$

$$= -\sqrt{21} + 2\sqrt{7}$$

$$69. \frac{-1}{\sqrt{p}+\sqrt{q}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{p}+\sqrt{q}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{p}-\sqrt{q}}{\sqrt{p}-\sqrt{q}}$$

$$= \frac{-1(\sqrt{p}-\sqrt{q})}{(\sqrt{p})^2 - (\sqrt{q})^2}$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{p}+\sqrt{q}}{p-q}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 71. \quad \frac{x-5}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{5}} &= \frac{x-5}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{5}} \\
 &= \frac{(x-5)(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{5})}{(\sqrt{x})^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2} \\
 &= \frac{\cancel{x-5}(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{5})}{\cancel{x-5}} = \sqrt{x}-\sqrt{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 73. \quad \frac{\sqrt{w}+2}{9-\sqrt{w}} &= \frac{\sqrt{w}+2}{9-\sqrt{w}} \cdot \frac{9+\sqrt{w}}{9+\sqrt{w}} \\
 &= \frac{(\sqrt{w}+2)(9+\sqrt{w})}{(9)^2 - (\sqrt{w})^2} \\
 &= \frac{w+9\sqrt{w}+2\sqrt{w}+18}{81-w} \\
 &= \frac{w+11\sqrt{w}+18}{81-w}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 75. \quad \frac{3\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{y}+\sqrt{x}} &= \frac{3\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{y}+\sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{y}-\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}-\sqrt{x}} \\
 &= \frac{(3\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y})(\sqrt{y}-\sqrt{x})}{(\sqrt{y})^2 - (\sqrt{x})^2} \\
 &= \frac{3\sqrt{xy}-3\sqrt{x^2}-\sqrt{y^2}+\sqrt{xy}}{y-x} \\
 &= \frac{4\sqrt{xy}-3x-y}{y-x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 77. \quad \frac{3\sqrt{10}}{2+\sqrt{10}} &= \frac{3\sqrt{10}}{2+\sqrt{10}} \cdot \frac{2-\sqrt{10}}{2-\sqrt{10}} \\
 &= \frac{3\sqrt{10}(2-\sqrt{10})}{(2)^2 - (\sqrt{10})^2} = \frac{6\sqrt{10}-3\sqrt{100}}{4-10} \\
 &= \frac{6\sqrt{10}-3 \cdot 10}{-6} = \frac{6\sqrt{10}-30}{-6} \\
 &= \frac{\cancel{6}(5-\sqrt{10})}{\cancel{6}} = 5-\sqrt{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 79. \quad \frac{2\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{7}}{3\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{7}} &= \frac{2\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{7}}{3\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{7}} \cdot \frac{3\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{7}}{3\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{7}} \\
 &= \frac{(2\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{7})(3\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{7})}{(3\sqrt{3})^2 - (\sqrt{7})^2} \\
 &= \frac{6\sqrt{9}+2\sqrt{21}+3\sqrt{21}+\sqrt{49}}{9 \cdot 3 - 7} \\
 &= \frac{6 \cdot 3 + 5\sqrt{21} + 7}{27-7}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 81. \quad \frac{\sqrt{5}+4}{2-\sqrt{5}} &= \frac{\sqrt{5}+4}{2-\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{2+\sqrt{5}}{2+\sqrt{5}} \\
 &= \frac{(\sqrt{5}+4)(2+\sqrt{5})}{(2)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2} \\
 &= \frac{2\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{25}+8+4\sqrt{5}}{4-5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{18+5\sqrt{21}+7}{20} \\
&= \frac{25+5\sqrt{21}}{20} = \frac{\cancel{5}(5+\sqrt{21})}{\cancel{5} \cdot 4} \\
&= \frac{5+\sqrt{21}}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{6\sqrt{5}+5+8}{-1} = \frac{6\sqrt{5}+13}{-1} \\
&= -6\sqrt{5}-13
\end{aligned}$$

$$83. \quad \frac{16}{\sqrt[3]{4}} = \frac{16}{\sqrt[3]{2^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} = \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}}{\sqrt[3]{2^3}} = \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}}{2} = 8\sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$85. \quad \frac{4}{x-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4}{x-\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{x+\sqrt{2}}{x+\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4(x+\sqrt{2})}{x^2-(\sqrt{2})^2} = \frac{4x+4\sqrt{2}}{x^2-2}$$

$$87. \quad T(x) = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{x}{32}} \\
T(1) = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{32}} = 2\pi\frac{1}{\sqrt{16 \cdot 2}} = \frac{2\pi}{4\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\pi}{4\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\pi\sqrt{2}}{4 \cdot 2} = \frac{\pi\sqrt{2}}{4} \text{ sec} \approx 1.11 \text{ sec}$$

$$89. \quad \text{a.} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$91. \quad \text{a.} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{5a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5a}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5a}}{\sqrt{5a}} = \frac{\sqrt{5a}}{\sqrt{(5a)^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{5a}}{5a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{b.} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{2^2}}{\sqrt[3]{2^2}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt[3]{2^2}}{\sqrt[3]{2^3}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{4}}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{b.} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{5+a}} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5+a}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5-a}}{\sqrt{5-a}} = \frac{\sqrt{5-a}}{(\sqrt{5})^2 - a^2} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{5-a}}{5-a^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
93. \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} &= \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \\
&= \frac{3\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{4\sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
95. \quad \sqrt{15} - \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} + \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} &= \sqrt{15} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{15}}{1} - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{15}}{1} \cdot \frac{15}{15} - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3} \cdot \frac{5}{5} \\
&= \frac{15\sqrt{15} - 3\sqrt{15} + 5\sqrt{15}}{15} = \frac{17\sqrt{15}}{15}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 97. \quad \sqrt[3]{25} + \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{5}} &= \sqrt[3]{5^2} + \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{\sqrt[3]{5^2}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{1} + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{\sqrt[3]{5^3}} \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{1} + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{5} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{1} \cdot \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{5} \\
 &= \frac{5\sqrt[3]{5^2} + 3\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{5} = \frac{8\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{5} = \frac{8\sqrt[3]{25}}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 99. \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}+6}{2} &= \frac{\sqrt{3}+6}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}-6}{\sqrt{3}-6} = \frac{(\sqrt{3})^2 - 6^2}{2(\sqrt{3}-6)} \\
 &= \frac{3-36}{2\sqrt{3}-12} = \frac{-33}{2\sqrt{3}-12}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 101. \quad \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}} &= \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}} \\
 &= \frac{(\sqrt{a})^2 - (\sqrt{b})^2}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b})^2} \\
 &= \frac{a-b}{(\sqrt{a})^2 + 2\sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b} + (\sqrt{b})^2} \\
 &= \frac{a-b}{a+2\sqrt{ab}+b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 103. \quad \frac{\sqrt{5+3h}-\sqrt{5}}{h} &= \frac{\sqrt{5+3h}-\sqrt{5}}{h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5+3h}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5+3h}+\sqrt{5}} \\
 &= \frac{(\sqrt{5+3h})^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2}{h(\sqrt{5+3h}+\sqrt{5})} \\
 &= \frac{5+3h-5}{h(\sqrt{5+3h}+\sqrt{5})} \\
 &= \frac{3h}{h(\sqrt{5+3h}+\sqrt{5})} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{5+3h}+\sqrt{5}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 105. \quad \frac{\sqrt{4+5h}-2}{h} &= \frac{\sqrt{4+5h}-2}{h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4+5h}+2}{\sqrt{4+5h}+2} \\
 &= \frac{(\sqrt{4+5h})^2 - (2)^2}{h(\sqrt{4+5h}+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{4+5h-4}{h(\sqrt{4+5h}+2)} \\
 &= \frac{5h}{h(\sqrt{4+5h}+2)} \\
 &= \frac{5}{\sqrt{4+5h}+2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Section 6.7 Practice Exercises

1. a. radical
b. isolate; 7

- c. extraneous
d. third

$$3. \quad \sqrt{\frac{9w^3}{16}} = \sqrt{\frac{9w^2 \cdot w}{16}} = \frac{3w\sqrt{w}}{4}$$

$$5. \quad \sqrt[3]{54c^4} = \sqrt[3]{27c^3 \cdot 2c} = 3c\sqrt[3]{2c}$$

$$7. \quad (\sqrt{4x-6})^2 = 4x-6$$

$$9. \quad (\sqrt[3]{9p+7})^3 = 9p+7$$

$$11. \quad \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{x} = 10 \\ (\sqrt{x})^2 = (10)^2 \\ x = 100 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Check:} \\ \sqrt{100} = 10 \\ 10 = 10 \end{array}$$

The solution is $\{100\}$.

$$13. \quad \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{x} + 4 = 6 \\ \sqrt{x} = 2 \\ (\sqrt{x})^2 = 2^2 \\ x = 4 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Check:} \\ \sqrt{4} + 4 = 6 \\ 2 + 4 = 6 \\ 6 = 6 \end{array}$$

The solution is $\{4\}$.

$$15. \quad \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{5y+1} = 4 \\ (\sqrt{5y+1})^2 = 4^2 \\ 5y+1 = 16 \\ 5y = 15 \\ y = 3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Check:} \\ \sqrt{5(3)+1} = 4 \\ \sqrt{15+1} = 4 \\ \sqrt{16} = 4 \\ 4 = 4 \end{array}$$

$$17. \quad \begin{array}{l} 6 = \sqrt{2z-3} - 3 \\ 9 = \sqrt{2z-3} \\ 9^2 = (\sqrt{2z-3})^2 \\ 81 = 2z - 3 \\ 2z = 84 \\ z = 42 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Check:} \\ 6 = (2(42) - 3)^{1/2} - 3 \\ 6 = (84 - 3)^{1/2} - 3 \\ 6 = 81^{1/2} - 3 \\ 6 = 9 - 3 \\ 6 = 6 \end{array}$$

The solution is $\{3\}$.

The solution is $\{42\}$.

$$19. \quad \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{x^2+5} = x+1 \\ (\sqrt{x^2+5})^2 = (x+1)^2 \\ x^2+5 = x^2+2x+1 \\ -2x = -4 \\ x = 2 \end{array}$$

$$21. \quad \begin{array}{l} \sqrt[3]{x-2} - 1 = 2 \\ \sqrt[3]{x-2} = 3 \\ (\sqrt[3]{x-2})^3 = 3^3 \\ x - 2 = 27 \\ x = 29 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Check:} \\ \sqrt{(2)^2+5} = 2+1 \\ \sqrt{4+5} = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Check:} \\ \sqrt[3]{29-2} - 1 = 2 \\ \sqrt[3]{27} - 1 = 2 \\ 3 - 1 = 2 \\ 2 = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \sqrt{9} = 3 \\ 3 = 3 \end{array}$$

The solution is $\{29\}$.

The solution is $\{2\}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 23. \quad (15-w)^{1/3} + 7 &= 2 \\
 (15-w)^{1/3} &= -5 \\
 (\sqrt[3]{15-w})^3 &= (-5)^3 \\
 15-w &= -125 \\
 15+125 &= w \\
 140 &= w
 \end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (15-w)^{1/3} + 7 &= 2 \\
 (15-140)^{1/3} + 7 &= 2 \\
 (-125)^{1/3} + 7 &= 2 \\
 -5 + 7 &= 2 \\
 2 &= 2
 \end{aligned}$$

The solution is $\{140\}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 25. \quad 3 + \sqrt{x-16} &= 0 \\
 \sqrt{x-16} &= -3 \\
 (\sqrt{x-16})^2 &= (-3)^2 \\
 x-16 &= 9 \\
 x &= 25
 \end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}
 3 + \sqrt{25-16} &= 0 \\
 3 + \sqrt{9} &= 0 \\
 3 + 3 &= 0 \\
 6 &\neq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

 $\{ \}$ ($x = 25$ does not check).

$$\begin{aligned}
 27. \quad 2\sqrt{6a+7} - 2a &= 0 \\
 2\sqrt{6a+7} &= 2a \\
 \sqrt{6a+7} &= a \\
 (\sqrt{6a+7})^2 &= (a)^2 \\
 6a+7 &= a^2 \\
 a^2 - 6a - 7 &= 0 \\
 (a-7)(a+1) &= 0 \\
 a-7 &= 0 \text{ or } a+1 = 0 \\
 a &= 7 \text{ or } a = -1
 \end{aligned}$$

Check $a = 7$:

$$\begin{aligned}
 2\sqrt{6(7)+7} - 2(7) &= 0 \\
 2\sqrt{42+7} - 14 &= 0 \\
 2\sqrt{49} - 14 &= 0 \\
 2 \cdot 7 - 14 &= 0 \\
 14 - 14 &= 0 \\
 0 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Check $a = -1$:

$$\begin{aligned}
 2\sqrt{6(-1)+7} - 2(-1) &= 0 \\
 2\sqrt{-6+7} + 2 &= 0 \\
 2\sqrt{1} + 2 &= 0 \\
 2 \cdot 1 + 2 &= 0 \\
 2 + 2 &= 0 \\
 4 &\neq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

The solution is $\{7\}$. ($a = -1$ does not check).

$$\begin{aligned}
 29. \quad (2x-5)^{1/4} &= -1 \\
 \sqrt[4]{2x-5} &= -1 \\
 (\sqrt[4]{2x-5})^4 &= (-1)^4 \\
 2x-5 &= 1 \\
 2x &= 6 \\
 x &= 3
 \end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sqrt[4]{2(3)-5} &= -1 \\
 \sqrt[4]{6-5} &= -1 \\
 \sqrt[4]{1} &= -1 \\
 1 &\neq -1
 \end{aligned}$$

 $\{ \}$ ($x = 3$ does not check).

$$\begin{aligned}
31. \quad r &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}} \quad \text{for } V \\
r^3 &= \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}} \right)^3 \\
r^3 &= \frac{3V}{4\pi} \\
4\pi r^3 &= 3V \\
\frac{4\pi r^3}{3} &= V
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
33. \quad r &= \pi\sqrt{r^2 + h^2} \quad \text{for } h^2 \\
\frac{r}{\pi} &= \sqrt{r^2 + h^2} \\
\left(\frac{r}{\pi} \right)^2 &= \left(\sqrt{r^2 + h^2} \right)^2 \\
\frac{r^2}{\pi^2} &= r^2 + h^2 \\
\frac{r^2}{\pi^2} - r^2 &= h^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
35. \quad (a+5)^2 &= a^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot 5 + 5^2 \\
&= a^2 + 10a + 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
37. \quad (\sqrt{5a} - 3)^2 &= (\sqrt{5a})^2 - 2 \cdot \sqrt{5a} \cdot 3 + 3^2 \\
&= 5a - 6\sqrt{5a} + 9
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
39. \quad (\sqrt{r-3} + 5)^2 &= (\sqrt{r-3})^2 + 2 \cdot \sqrt{r-3} \cdot 5 + 5^2 \\
&= r - 3 + 10\sqrt{r-3} + 25 \\
&= r + 22 + 10\sqrt{r-3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$41. \quad \sqrt{a^2 + 2a + 1} = a + 5$$

$$\left(\sqrt{a^2 + 2a + 1} \right)^2 = (a + 5)^2$$

$$a^2 + 2a + 1 = a^2 + 10a + 25$$

$$-8a = 24$$

$$a = \frac{24}{-8}$$

$$a = -3$$

Check:

$$\sqrt{(-3)^2 + 2(-3) + 1} = -3 + 5$$

$$\sqrt{9 - 6 + 1} = 2$$

$$\sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$2 = 2$$

The solution is $\{-3\}$.

43.

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{25w^2 - 2w - 3} &= 5w - 4 \\ \left(\sqrt{25w^2 - 2w - 3}\right)^2 &= (5w - 4)^2 \\ 25w^2 - 2w - 3 &= 25w^2 - 40w + 16 \\ 38w &= 19 \\ w &= \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

{ } ($w = \frac{1}{2}$ does not check.)

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{25\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 3} &= 5\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 4 \\ \sqrt{\frac{25}{4} - 1 - 3} &= \frac{5}{2} - 4 \\ \sqrt{\frac{9}{4}} &= -\frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{3}{2} &\neq -\frac{3}{2}\end{aligned}$$

45.

$$\begin{aligned}4\sqrt{p-2} - 2 &= -p \\ 4\sqrt{p-2} &= -p + 2 \\ \left(4\sqrt{p-2}\right)^2 &= (-p + 2)^2 \\ 16(p-2) &= p^2 - 4p + 4 \\ 16p - 32 &= p^2 - 4p + 4 \\ 0 &= p^2 - 20p + 36 \\ 0 &= (p-18)(p-2) \\ p-18 &= 0 \quad \text{or} \quad p-2 = 0 \\ p &= 18 \quad \text{or} \quad p = 2\end{aligned}$$

Check $p = 18$:

$$\begin{aligned}4\sqrt{18-2} - 2 &= -18 \\ 4\sqrt{16} - 2 &= -18 \\ 4(4) - 2 &= -18 \\ 16 - 2 &= -18 \\ 14 &\neq -18\end{aligned}$$

Check $p = 2$:

$$\begin{aligned}4\sqrt{2-2} - 2 &= -2 \\ 4\sqrt{0} - 2 &= -2 \\ 4(0) - 2 &= -2 \\ 0 - 2 &= -2 \\ -2 &= -2\end{aligned}$$

The solution is {2}. ($p = 18$ does not check.)

47.

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt[4]{h+4} &= \sqrt[4]{2h-5} \\ \left(\sqrt[4]{h+4}\right)^4 &= \left(\sqrt[4]{2h-5}\right)^4 \\ h+4 &= 2h-5 \\ 4+5 &= 2h-h \\ 9 &= h\end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt[4]{9+4} &= \sqrt[4]{2(9)-5} \\ \sqrt[4]{13} &= \sqrt[4]{18-5} \\ \sqrt[4]{13} &= \sqrt[4]{13}\end{aligned}$$

The solution is {9}.

$$49. \quad \sqrt[3]{5a+3} - \sqrt[3]{a-13} = 0$$

$$\sqrt[3]{5a+3} = \sqrt[3]{a-13}$$

$$\left(\sqrt[3]{5a+3}\right)^3 = \left(\sqrt[3]{a-13}\right)^3$$

$$5a+3 = a-13$$

$$4a = -16$$

$$a = -4$$

Check:

$$\sqrt[3]{5(-4)+3} - \sqrt[3]{-4-13} = 0$$

$$\sqrt[3]{-20+3} - \sqrt[3]{-17} = 0$$

$$\sqrt[3]{-17} - \sqrt[3]{-17} = 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

The solution is $\{-4\}$.

$$51. \quad \sqrt{5a-9} = \sqrt{5a}-3$$

$$\left(\sqrt{5a-9}\right)^2 = \left(\sqrt{5a}-3\right)^2$$

$$5a-9 = 5a-6\sqrt{5a}+9$$

$$6\sqrt{5a} = 18$$

$$\sqrt{5a} = 3$$

$$\left(\sqrt{5a}\right)^2 = 3^2$$

$$5a = 9$$

$$a = \frac{9}{5}$$

The solution is $\left\{\frac{9}{5}\right\}$.

Check:

$$\sqrt{5\left(\frac{9}{5}\right)-9} = \sqrt{5\left(\frac{9}{5}\right)}-3$$

$$\sqrt{9-9} = \sqrt{9}-3$$

$$\sqrt{0} = 3-3$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$53. \quad \sqrt{2h+5} - \sqrt{2h} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{2h+5} = \sqrt{2h} + 1$$

$$\left(\sqrt{2h+5}\right)^2 = \left(\sqrt{2h} + 1\right)^2$$

$$2h+5 = 2h+2\sqrt{2h}+1$$

$$4 = 2\sqrt{2h}$$

$$\sqrt{2h} = 2$$

$$\left(\sqrt{2h}\right)^2 = 2^2$$

$$2h = 4$$

$$h = 2$$

Check:

$$\sqrt{2(2)+5} - \sqrt{2(2)} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{4+5} - \sqrt{4} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{9} - \sqrt{4} = 1$$

$$3 - 2 = 1$$

$$1 = 1$$

The solution is $\{2\}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 55. \quad (t-9)^{1/2} - t^{1/2} &= 3 \\
 \sqrt{t-9} - \sqrt{t} &= 3 \\
 \sqrt{t-9} &= \sqrt{t} + 3 \\
 (\sqrt{t-9})^2 &= (\sqrt{t} + 3)^2 \\
 t - 9 &= t + 6\sqrt{t} + 9 \\
 -18 &= 6\sqrt{t} \\
 \sqrt{t} &= -3
 \end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (9-9)^{1/2} - 9^{1/2} &= 3 \\
 \sqrt{9-9} - \sqrt{9} &= 3 \\
 \sqrt{0} - \sqrt{9} &= 3 \\
 0 - 3 &= 3 \\
 -3 &\neq 3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\sqrt{t})^2 &= (-3)^2 \\
 t &= 9
 \end{aligned}$$

{ } (The value 9 does not check.)

$$\begin{aligned}
 57. \quad 6 &= \sqrt{x^2 + 3} - x \{ \} \\
 x + 6 &= \sqrt{x^2 + 3} \\
 (x + 6)^2 &= (\sqrt{x^2 + 3})^2 \\
 x^2 + 12x + 36 &= x^2 + 3 \\
 12x &= x^2 - x^2 + 3 - 36 \\
 12x &= 0 - 33 \\
 12x &= -33 \\
 x &= -\frac{33}{12} \\
 &= -\frac{11}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}
 6 &= \sqrt{\left(-\frac{11}{4}\right)^2 + 3} - \left(-\frac{11}{4}\right) \\
 6 &= \sqrt{\frac{121}{16} + 3} + \frac{11}{4} \\
 6 &= \sqrt{\frac{169}{16}} + \frac{11}{4} \\
 6 &= \frac{13}{4} + \frac{11}{4} \\
 6 &= \frac{24}{4} \\
 6 &= 6
 \end{aligned}$$

The solution is $\left\{-\frac{11}{4}\right\}$.

59. $\sqrt{3t-7} = 2 - \sqrt{3t+1}$

$$(\sqrt{3t-7})^2 = (2 - \sqrt{3t+1})^2$$

$$3t - 7 = 4 - 4\sqrt{3t+1} + 3t + 1$$

$$-12 = -4\sqrt{3t+1}$$

$$\sqrt{3t+1} = 3$$

$$(\sqrt{3t+1})^2 = (3)^2$$

$$3t + 1 = 9$$

$$3t = 8$$

$$t = \frac{8}{3}$$

Check:

$$\sqrt{3\left(\frac{8}{3}\right) - 7} = 2 - \sqrt{3\left(\frac{8}{3}\right) + 1}$$

$$\sqrt{8-7} = 2 - \sqrt{8+1}$$

$$\sqrt{1} = 2 - \sqrt{9}$$

$$1 = 2 - 3$$

$$1 \neq -1$$

{ } ($t = \frac{8}{3}$ does not check.)

61. $\sqrt{z+1} + \sqrt{2z+3} = 1$

$$\sqrt{2z+3} = 1 - \sqrt{z+1}$$

$$(\sqrt{2z+3})^2 = (1 - \sqrt{z+1})^2$$

$$2z + 3 = 1 - 2\sqrt{z+1} + z + 1$$

$$z + 1 = -2\sqrt{z+1}$$

$$(z+1)^2 = (-2\sqrt{z+1})^2$$

$$z^2 + 2z + 1 = 4(z+1)$$

$$z^2 + 2z + 1 = 4z + 4$$

$$z^2 - 2z - 3 = 0$$

$$(z-3)(z+1) = 0$$

$$z - 3 = 0 \text{ or } z + 1 = 0$$

$$z = 3 \text{ or } z = -1$$

Check $z = 3$:

$$\sqrt{3+1} + \sqrt{2(3)+3} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{6+3} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{9} = 1$$

$$2 + 3 = 1$$

$$5 \neq 1$$

Check $z = -1$:

$$\sqrt{-1+1} + \sqrt{2(-1)+3} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{0} + \sqrt{-2+3} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{0} + \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$0 + 1 = 1$$

$$1 = 1$$

The solution is $\{-1\}$. ($z = 3$ does not check.)

$$\begin{aligned}
 63. \quad & \sqrt{6m+7} - \sqrt{3m+3} = 1 \\
 & \sqrt{6m+7} = 1 + \sqrt{3m+3} \\
 & (\sqrt{6m+7})^2 = (1 + \sqrt{3m+3})^2 \\
 & 6m+7 = 1 + 2\sqrt{3m+3} + 3m+3 \\
 & 3m+3 = 2\sqrt{3m+3} \\
 & (3m+3)^2 = (2\sqrt{3m+3})^2 \\
 & 9m^2 + 18m + 9 = 4(3m+3) \\
 & 9m^2 + 18m + 9 = 12m + 12 \\
 & 9m^2 + 6m - 3 = 0 \\
 & 3(3m^2 + 2m - 1) = 0 \\
 & 3(3m-1)(m+1) = 0 \\
 & 3m-1 = 0 \text{ or } m+1 = 0 \\
 & 3m = 1 \text{ or } m = -1 \\
 & m = \frac{1}{3} \text{ or } m = -1
 \end{aligned}$$

The solution is $\left\{\frac{1}{3}, -1\right\}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 65. \quad & 2 + 2\sqrt{2t+3} + 2\sqrt{3t-5} = 0 \\
 & 2 + 2\sqrt{2t+3} = -2\sqrt{3t-5} \\
 & 1 + \sqrt{2t+3} = -\sqrt{3t-5} \\
 & (1 + \sqrt{2t+3})^2 = (-\sqrt{3t-5})^2 \\
 & 1 + 2\sqrt{2t+3} + 2t + 3 = 3t - 5 \\
 & 2\sqrt{2t+3} = t - 9 \\
 & (2\sqrt{2t+3})^2 = (t-9)^2 \\
 & 4(2t+3) = t^2 - 18t + 81 \\
 & 8t + 12 = t^2 - 18t + 81 \\
 & t^2 - 18t - 8t + 81 - 12 = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{Check } m = \frac{1}{3}: \\
 & \sqrt{6\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + 7} - \sqrt{3\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + 3} = 1 \\
 & \sqrt{2+7} - \sqrt{1+3} = 1 \\
 & \sqrt{9} - \sqrt{4} = 1 \\
 & 3 - 2 = 1 \\
 & 1 = 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{Check } m = -1: \\
 & \sqrt{6(-1) + 7} - \sqrt{3(-1) + 3} = 1 \\
 & \sqrt{-6+7} - \sqrt{-3+3} = 1 \\
 & \sqrt{1} - \sqrt{0} = 1 \\
 & 1 - 0 = 1 \\
 & 1 = 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{Check } t = 3: \\
 & 2 + 2\sqrt{2(3)+3} + 2\sqrt{3(3)-5} = 0 \\
 & 2 + 2\sqrt{6+3} + 2\sqrt{9-5} = 0 \\
 & 2 + 2\sqrt{9} + 2\sqrt{4} = 0 \\
 & 2 + 2 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 2 = 0 \\
 & 2 + 6 + 4 = 0 \\
 & 12 \neq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Check $t = 23$:

$$\begin{aligned}
 t^2 - 26t + 69 &= 0 & 2 + 2\sqrt{2(23)+3} + 2\sqrt{3(23)-5} &= 0 \\
 (t-3)(t-23) &= 0 & 2 + 2\sqrt{46+3} + 2\sqrt{69-5} &= 0 \\
 t-3 = 0 \text{ or } t-23 &= 0 & 2 + 2\sqrt{49} + 2\sqrt{64} &= 0 \\
 t = 3 \text{ or } t = 23 & & 2 + 2 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 8 &= 0 \\
 & & 2 + 14 + 16 &= 0 \\
 & & 32 &\neq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

{ } ($t = 3$ and $t = 23$ do not check.)

67. $3\sqrt{y-3} = \sqrt{4y+3}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (3\sqrt{y-3})^2 &= (\sqrt{4y+3})^2 \\
 9(y-3) &= 4y+3 \\
 9y-27 &= 4y+3 \\
 5y &= 30 \\
 y &= 6
 \end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}
 3\sqrt{6-3} &= \sqrt{4(6)+3} \\
 3\sqrt{3} &= \sqrt{24+3} \\
 3\sqrt{3} &= \sqrt{27} \\
 3\sqrt{3} &= 3\sqrt{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

The solution is {6}.

69. $\sqrt{p+7} = \sqrt{2p} + 1$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\sqrt{p+7})^2 &= (\sqrt{2p} + 1)^2 \\
 p+7 &= 2p+2\sqrt{2p}+1 \\
 -p+6 &= 2\sqrt{2p} \\
 (-p+6)^2 &= (2\sqrt{2p})^2 \\
 p^2 - 12p + 36 &= 4(2p) \\
 p^2 - 12p + 36 &= 8p \\
 p^2 - 20p + 36 &= 0 \\
 (p-18)(p-2) &= 0 \\
 (p-18) = 0 \text{ or } (p-2) &= 0 \\
 p-18 = 0 \text{ or } p-2 &= 0 \\
 p = 18 \text{ or } p &= 2
 \end{aligned}$$

Check $p = 18$:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sqrt{18+7} &= \sqrt{2 \cdot 18} + 1 \\
 \sqrt{25} &= \sqrt{36} + 1 \\
 5 &= 6 + 1 \\
 5 &\neq 7
 \end{aligned}$$

Check $p = 2$:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sqrt{2+7} &= \sqrt{2 \cdot 2} + 1 \\
 \sqrt{9} &= \sqrt{4} + 1 \\
 3 &= 2 + 1 \\
 3 &= 3
 \end{aligned}$$

The solution is {2}. ($p = 18$ does not check.)

71. $v = \sqrt{2gh}$
 a. $44 = \sqrt{2(32)h}$
 $44 = \sqrt{64h}$
 $44 = 8\sqrt{h}$
 $11 = 2\sqrt{h}$
 $11^2 = (2\sqrt{h})^2$
 $121 = 4h$
 $h = \frac{121}{4} = 30.25 \text{ ft}$

b. $26 = \sqrt{2(9.8)h}$
 $26 = \sqrt{19.6h}$
 $26^2 = (\sqrt{19.6h})^2$
 $676 = 19.6h$
 $h = \frac{676}{19.6}$
 $\approx 34.5 \text{ m}$

73. $C(x) = \sqrt{0.3x+1}$
 a. $C(x) = \sqrt{0.3(10)+1} = \sqrt{3+1} = \sqrt{4}$
 $= \$2 \text{ million}$
 b. $P(x) = R(x) - C(x)$
 $P(x) = 320(10,000) - 2,000,000$
 $= 3,200,000 - 2,000,000$
 $= \$1.2 \text{ million}$
 c. $4 = \sqrt{0.3x+1}$
 $4^2 = (\sqrt{0.3x+1})^2$
 $16 = 0.3x+1$
 $15 = 0.3x$
 $x = \frac{15}{0.3}$
 $= 50 \text{ (50,000 passengers)}$

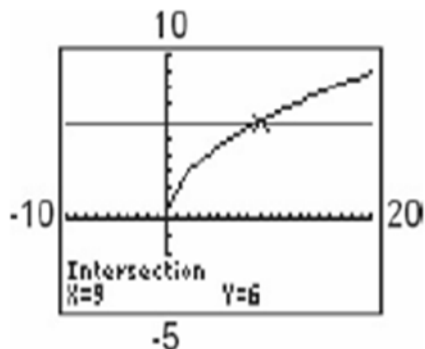
75. $t(x) = 0.90\sqrt[5]{x^3}$
 a. $4 = 0.90\sqrt[5]{x^3}$
 $\frac{4}{0.90} = \sqrt[5]{x^3}$
 $\left(\frac{4}{0.90}\right)^5 = \left(\sqrt[5]{x^3}\right)^5$
 $1734.15 = x^3$
 $x = \sqrt[3]{1734.15}$
 $\approx 12 \text{ lb}$
 b. $t(18) = 0.90\sqrt[5]{18^3}$
 $\approx 5.1 \text{ hr}$

An 18-lb turkey will take about 5.1 hr to cook.

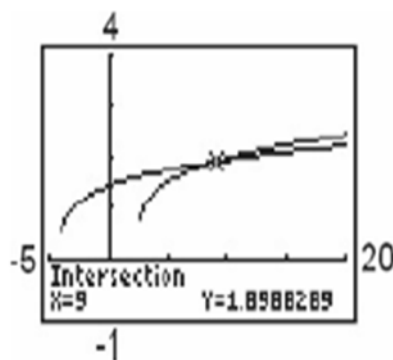
77. $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $h^2 + b^2 = 5^2$
 $b^2 = 5^2 - h^2$
 $b = \sqrt{25 - h^2}$

79. $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $a^2 + 14^2 = k^2$
 $a^2 = k^2 - 14^2$
 $a = \sqrt{k^2 - 196}$

81. The x -coordinate of the point of intersection is the solution to the equation.



83.



Section 6.8 Practice Exercises

1.
 - a. imaginary
 - b. $\sqrt{-1}$; -1
 - c. $i\sqrt{b}$
 - d. $a+bi$; $\sqrt{-1}$
 - e. real; b
 - f. $a+bi$
 - g. True
 - h. True

3. $(3-\sqrt{x})(3+\sqrt{x}) = 3^2 - (\sqrt{x})^2 = 9-x$

5. $\sqrt[3]{3p+7} - \sqrt[3]{2p-1} = 0$
 $\sqrt[3]{3p+7} = \sqrt[3]{2p-1}$

$$(\sqrt[3]{3p+7})^3 = (\sqrt[3]{2p-1})^3$$

$$3p+7 = 2p-1$$

$$3p-2p = -1-7$$

$$p = -8$$

The solution is $\{-8\}$.

Check:

$$\sqrt[3]{3(-8)+7} - \sqrt[3]{2(-8)-1} = 0$$

$$\sqrt[3]{-24+7} - \sqrt[3]{-16-1} = 0$$

$$\sqrt[3]{-17} - \sqrt[3]{-17} = 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 7. \quad & \sqrt{4a+29} = 2\sqrt{a} + 5 \\
 & (\sqrt{4a+29})^2 = (2\sqrt{a} + 5)^2 \\
 & 4a + 29 = 4a + 20\sqrt{a} + 25 \\
 & 4 = 20\sqrt{a} \\
 & 5\sqrt{a} = 1 \\
 & (5\sqrt{a})^2 = 1^2 \\
 & 25a = 1 \\
 & a = \frac{1}{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

The solution is $\left\{\frac{1}{25}\right\}$.

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sqrt{4\left(\frac{1}{25}\right) + 29} = 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{25}} + 5 \\
 & \sqrt{\frac{4}{25} + 29} = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{5} + 5 \\
 & \sqrt{\frac{729}{25}} = \frac{2}{5} + 5 \\
 & \frac{27}{5} = \frac{27}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$9. \quad \sqrt{-1} = i \text{ and } -\sqrt{-1} = -i$$

$$11. \quad \sqrt{-144} = i\sqrt{144} = 12i$$

$$13. \quad \sqrt{-3} = i\sqrt{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 15. \quad & -\sqrt{-20} = -i\sqrt{20} = -i\sqrt{4 \cdot 5} \\
 & = -2i\sqrt{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 17. \quad & 2\sqrt{-25} \cdot 3\sqrt{-4} = 2i\sqrt{25} \cdot 3i\sqrt{4} \\
 & = 5 \cdot 2i \cdot 2 \cdot 3i \\
 & = 10i \cdot 6i = 60i^2 \\
 & = 60(-1) = -60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 19. \quad & 7\sqrt{-63} - 4\sqrt{-28} = 7\sqrt{-9 \cdot 7} - 4\sqrt{-4 \cdot 7} \\
 & = 7 \cdot 3i\sqrt{7} - 4 \cdot 2i\sqrt{7} \\
 & = 21i\sqrt{7} - 8i\sqrt{7} \\
 & = 13i\sqrt{7}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 21. \quad & \sqrt{-7} \cdot \sqrt{-7} = i\sqrt{7} \cdot i\sqrt{7} = i^2 \sqrt{49} \\
 & = -1 \cdot 7 = -7
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 23. \quad & \sqrt{-9} \cdot \sqrt{-16} = 3i \cdot 4i = 12i^2 \\
 & = 12(-1) = -12
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 25. \quad & \sqrt{-15} \cdot \sqrt{-6} = i\sqrt{15} \cdot i\sqrt{6} = i^2 \sqrt{90} \\
 & = -1\sqrt{9 \cdot 10} \\
 & = -3\sqrt{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 27. \quad & \frac{\sqrt{-50}}{\sqrt{25}} = \frac{\sqrt{-25 \cdot 2}}{5} = \frac{5i\sqrt{2}}{5} \\
 & = i\sqrt{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 29. \quad & \frac{\sqrt{-90}}{\sqrt{-10}} = \frac{\sqrt{-9 \cdot 10}}{\sqrt{-1 \cdot 10}} \\
 & = \frac{3i\sqrt{10}}{i\sqrt{10}} = 3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$31. \quad i^7 = i^4 \cdot i^3 = 1(-i) = -i$$

$$33. \quad i^{64} = (i^4)^{16} = 1^{16} \\ = 1$$

$$35. \quad i^{41} = i^{40} \cdot i = (i^4)^{10} \cdot i = 1^{10} \cdot i \\ = 1 \cdot i = i$$

$$37. \quad i^{52} = (i^4)^{13} = 1^{13} = 1$$

$$39. \quad i^{23} = i^{20} \cdot i^3 = (i^4)^5 \cdot i^3 = 1^5(-i) \\ = 1(-i) = -i$$

$$41. \quad i^6 = i^4 \cdot i^2 = 1(-1) = -1$$

$$43. \quad a - bi$$

$$45. \quad -5 + 12i \\ \text{Real part: } -5; \quad \text{Imaginary part: } 12$$

$$47. \quad -6i = 0 - 6i \\ \text{Real part: } 0; \quad \text{Imaginary part: } -6$$

$$49. \quad 35 = 35 + 0i \\ \text{Real part: } 35; \quad \text{Imaginary part: } 0$$

$$51. \quad \frac{3}{5} + i \\ \text{Real part: } \frac{3}{5}; \quad \text{Imaginary part: } 1$$

$$53. \quad (2 - i) + (5 + 7i) = (2 + 5) + (-1 + 7)i = 7 + 6i$$

$$55. \quad \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3}i\right) - \left(\frac{1}{5} - \frac{5}{6}i\right) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3}i - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{5}{6}i \\ = \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{5}\right) + \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6}\right)i \\ = \left(\frac{5}{10} - \frac{2}{10}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{6} + \frac{5}{6}\right)i \\ = \frac{3}{10} + \frac{9}{6}i \\ = \frac{3}{10} + \frac{3}{2}i$$

$$57. \quad \sqrt{-98} - \sqrt{-8} = i\sqrt{98} - i\sqrt{8} \\ = i\sqrt{7^2 \cdot 2} - i\sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2} \\ = 7i\sqrt{2} - 2i\sqrt{2} \\ = 5i\sqrt{2}$$

$$59. \quad (2 + 3i) - (1 - 4i) + (-2 + 3i) \\ = 2 + 3i - 1 + 4i - 2 + 3i \\ = (2 - 1 - 2) + (3 + 4 + 3)i \\ = -1 + 10i$$

$$61. \quad (8i)(3i) = 24i^2 \\ = 24(-1) \\ = -24 + 0i$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 63. \quad 6i(1-3i) &= 6i(1) - 6i(3i) \\
 &= 6i - 18i^2 \\
 &= 6i - 18(-1) \\
 &= 18 + 6i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 65. \quad (2-10i)(3+2i) &= 2(3) + 2(2i) - 10i(3) - 10i(2i) \\
 &= 6 + 4i - 30i - 20i^2 \\
 &= 6 - 26i - 20(-1) \\
 &= 6 - 26i + 20 = 26 - 26i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 67. \quad (-5+2i)(5+2i) &= -5(5) - 5(2i) + 2i(5) + (2i)(2i) \\
 &= -25 - 10i + 10i + 4i^2 \\
 &= -25 + 4(-1) = -25 - 4 \\
 &= -29 + 0i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 69. \quad (4+5i)^2 &= 4^2 + 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 5i + (5i)^2 \\
 &= 16 + 40i + 25i^2 = 16 + 40i + 25(-1) \\
 &= 16 + 40i - 25 \\
 &= -9 + 40i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 71. \quad (2+i)(3-2i)(4+3i) &= [2 \cdot 3 - 2 \cdot 2i + i \cdot 3 - i(2i)](4+3i) \\
 &= (6 - 4i + 3i - 2i^2)(4+3i) \\
 &= (6 - i - 2(-1))(4+3i) \\
 &= (6 - i + 2)(4+3i) = (8 - i)(4+3i) \\
 &= 8 \cdot 4 + 8 \cdot 3i - i \cdot 4 - i(3i) = 32 + 24i - 4i - 3i^2 \\
 &= 32 + 20i - 3(-1) = 32 + 20i + 3 = 35 + 20i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 73. \quad (-4-6i)^2 &= (-4)^2 + 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6i + (6i)^2 \\
 &= 16 + 48i + 36i^2 \\
 &= 16 + 48i + 36(-1) \\
 &= 16 + 48i - 36 \\
 &= -20 + 48i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 75. \quad \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4}i\right)\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}i\right) &= \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{4}i\right)^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} - \frac{9}{16}i^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} - \frac{9}{16}(-1) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} + \frac{9}{16} = \frac{4}{16} + \frac{9}{16} = \frac{13}{16} + 0i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 77. \quad \frac{2}{1+3i} &= \frac{2}{1+3i} \cdot \frac{1-3i}{1-3i} \\
 &= \frac{2(1-3i)}{1^2 - (3i)^2} = \frac{2(1-3i)}{1-9i^2} \\
 &= \frac{2(1-3i)}{1-9(-1)} = \frac{2(1-3i)}{1+9}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 79. \quad \frac{-i}{4-3i} &= \frac{-i}{4-3i} \cdot \frac{4+3i}{4+3i} \\
 &= \frac{-i(4+3i)}{4^2 - (3i)^2} \\
 &= \frac{-i \cdot 4 - i(3i)}{16 - 9i^2} = \frac{-4i - 3i^2}{16 - 9(-1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{2(1-3i)}{10} = \frac{1-3i}{5} \\
 &= \frac{1}{5} - \frac{3}{5}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{-4i-3(-1)}{16+9} = \frac{3-4i}{25} \\
 &= \frac{3}{25} - \frac{4}{25}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{81.} \quad \frac{5+2i}{5-2i} &= \frac{5+2i}{5-2i} \cdot \frac{5+2i}{5+2i} \\
 &= \frac{5 \cdot 5 + 5 \cdot 2i + 2i \cdot 5 + 2i \cdot 2i}{5^2 - (2i)^2} \\
 &= \frac{25 + 10i + 10i + 4i^2}{25 - 4i^2} \\
 &= \frac{25 + 20i + 4(-1)}{25 - 4(-1)} \\
 &= \frac{25 + 20i - 4}{25 + 4} \\
 &= \frac{21 + 20i}{29} \\
 &= \frac{21}{29} + \frac{20}{29}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{83.} \quad \frac{3+7i}{-2-4i} &= \frac{3+7i}{-2-4i} \cdot \frac{-2+4i}{-2+4i} \\
 &= \frac{3(-2) + 3 \cdot 4i - 7i \cdot 2 + 7i \cdot 4i}{(-2)^2 - (4i)^2} \\
 &= \frac{-6 + 12i - 14i + 28i^2}{4 - 16i^2} \\
 &= \frac{-6 - 2i + 28(-1)}{4 - 16(-1)} \\
 &= \frac{-6 - 2i - 28}{4 + 16} \\
 &= \frac{-34 - 2i}{20} = \frac{2(-17 - i)}{20} \\
 &= \frac{-17 - i}{10} = -\frac{17}{10} - \frac{1}{10}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{85.} \quad \frac{13i}{-5-i} &= \frac{13i}{-5-i} \cdot \frac{-5+i}{-5+i} \\
 &= \frac{13i(-5) + 13i \cdot i}{(-5)^2 - i^2} \\
 &= \frac{-65i + 13i^2}{25 - (-1)} = \frac{-65i + 13(-1)}{25 + 1} \\
 &= \frac{-13 - 65i}{26} = \frac{13(-1 - 5i)}{26} \\
 &= \frac{-1 - 5i}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{2}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{87.} \quad \frac{2+3i}{6i} &= \frac{2+3i}{6i} \cdot \frac{-6i}{-6i} \\
 &= \frac{-12i - 18i^2}{-36i^2} \\
 &= \frac{-12i - 18(-1)}{-36(-1)} = \frac{18 - 12i}{36} \\
 &= \frac{6(3 - 2i)}{36} = \frac{3 - 2i}{6} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 89. \quad \frac{-10+i}{i} &= \frac{-10+i}{i} \cdot \frac{-i}{-i} \\
 &= \frac{10i-i^2}{-i^2} \\
 &= \frac{10i-(-1)}{-(-1)} = \frac{1+10i}{1} \\
 &= 1+10i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 91. \quad \frac{2+\sqrt{-16}}{8} &= \frac{2+4i}{8} = \frac{2(1+2i)}{8} \\
 &= \frac{1+2i}{4} \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 93. \quad \frac{-6+\sqrt{-72}}{6} &= \frac{-6+\sqrt{-36 \cdot 2}}{6} \\
 &= \frac{-6+6i\sqrt{2}}{6} \\
 &= \frac{6(-1+i\sqrt{2})}{6} \\
 &= -1+i\sqrt{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 95. \quad \frac{-8-\sqrt{-48}}{4} &= \frac{-8-\sqrt{-16 \cdot 3}}{4} \\
 &= \frac{-8-4i\sqrt{3}}{4} \\
 &= \frac{4(-2-i\sqrt{3})}{4} \\
 &= -2-i\sqrt{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 97. \quad \frac{-5+\sqrt{-50}}{10} &= \frac{-5+\sqrt{-25 \cdot 2}}{10} \\
 &= \frac{-5+5i\sqrt{2}}{10} = \frac{5(-1+i\sqrt{2})}{5 \cdot 2} = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 99. \quad x^2 - 4x + 5 &= 0 & x = 2+i \\
 (2+i)^2 - 4(2+i) + 5 &= 0 \\
 4 + 4i + i^2 - 8 - 4i + 5 &= 0 \\
 4 + 4i - 1 - 8 - 4i + 5 &= 0 \\
 0 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$2+i$ is a solution.

$$\begin{aligned}
 101. \quad x^2 + 12 &= 0 & x = -2i\sqrt{3} \\
 (-2i\sqrt{3})^2 + 12 &= 0 \\
 4i^2 \cdot 3 + 12 &= 0 \\
 -12 + 12 &= 0 \\
 0 &= 0 \\
 -2i\sqrt{3} &\text{ is a solution.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Section 6.9 Practice Exercises

1. a. $\sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$

b. circle; center

c. radius

d. $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$

e. $\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$

3. $(x_1, y_1) = (1, 10), (x_2, y_2) = (-2, 4)$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= \sqrt{[(-2) - (1)]^2 + [(4) - (10)]^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (-6)^2} = \sqrt{9 + 36} \\ &= \sqrt{45} = 3\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

5. $(x_1, y_1) = (6, 7), (x_2, y_2) = (3, 2)$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= \sqrt{[(3) - (6)]^2 + [(2) - (7)]^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (-5)^2} = \sqrt{9 + 25} \\ &= \sqrt{34} \end{aligned}$$

7. $(x_1, y_1) = \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{8}\right), (x_2, y_2) = \left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= \sqrt{\left[\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) - \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right]^2 + \left[\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) - \left(\frac{5}{8}\right)\right]^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(-1)^2 + \left(-\frac{3}{8}\right)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{1 + \frac{9}{64}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{73}{64}} = \frac{\sqrt{73}}{8} \end{aligned}$$

9. $(x_1, y_1) = (-2, 5), (x_2, y_2) = (-2, 9)$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= \sqrt{[(-2) - (-2)]^2 + [(9) - (5)]^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(0)^2 + (4)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{0 + 16} \\ &= \sqrt{16} \\ &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

11. $(x_1, y_1) = (7, 2), (x_2, y_2) = (15, 2)$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= \sqrt{[(15) - (7)]^2 + [(2) - (2)]^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(8)^2 + (0)^2} = \sqrt{64 + 0} = \sqrt{64} = 8 \end{aligned}$$

13. $(x_1, y_1) = (-1, -5), (x_2, y_2) = (-5, -9)$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= \sqrt{[(-5) - (-1)]^2 + [(-9) - (-5)]^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(-4)^2 + (-4)^2} = \sqrt{16 + 16} = \sqrt{32} \\ &= 4\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$15. (x_1, y_1) = (4\sqrt{6}, -2\sqrt{2}), (x_2, y_2) = (2\sqrt{6}, \sqrt{2})$$

$$d = \sqrt{[2\sqrt{6} - 4\sqrt{6}]^2 + [(\sqrt{2}) - (-2\sqrt{2})]^2} = \sqrt{(-2\sqrt{6})^2 + (3\sqrt{2})^2} = \sqrt{24 + 18} = \sqrt{42}$$

$$19. (4, 7), (-4, y)$$

$$10 = \sqrt{[-4 - 4]^2 + [y - 7]^2}$$

$$10 = \sqrt{(-8)^2 + y^2 - 14y + 49}$$

$$10 = \sqrt{y^2 - 14y + 49 + 64}$$

$$100 = y^2 - 14y + 113$$

$$0 = y^2 - 14y + 13$$

$$0 = (y - 13)(y - 1)$$

$$y - 13 = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad y - 1 = 0$$

$$y = 13 \quad \text{or} \quad y = 1$$

23. yes

The three points define a right triangle.

$$25. A: (-3, -2), B: (4, -3), C: (1, 5)$$

$$d_{AB} = \sqrt{[4 - (-3)]^2 + [-3 - (-2)]^2} = \sqrt{(7)^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{49 + 1} = \sqrt{50}$$

$$d_{BC} = \sqrt{[1 - 4]^2 + [5 - (-3)]^2} = \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (8)^2} = \sqrt{9 + 64} = \sqrt{73}$$

$$d_{AC} = \sqrt{[1 - (-3)]^2 + [5 - (-2)]^2} = \sqrt{(4)^2 + (7)^2} = \sqrt{16 + 49} = \sqrt{65}$$

$$(\sqrt{50})^2 + (\sqrt{65})^2 = (\sqrt{73})^2$$

$$50 + 65 = 73$$

$$115 \neq 73$$

The three points do not define a right triangle

17. Subtract 5 and -7 .

This becomes $5 - (-7) = 12$.

$$21. (x, 2), (4, -1)$$

$$5 = \sqrt{[4 - x]^2 + [-1 - 2]^2}$$

$$5 = \sqrt{(4 - x)^2 + (-3)^2}$$

$$5 = \sqrt{16 - 8x + x^2 + 9}$$

$$25 = x^2 - 8x + 25$$

$$0 = x^2 - 8x$$

$$0 = x(x - 8)$$

$$x = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad x - 8 = 0$$

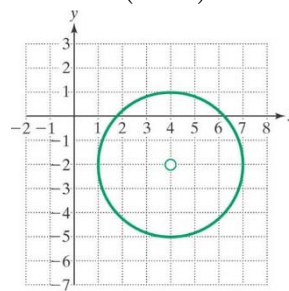
$$x = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 8$$

$$27. (x - 4)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 9$$

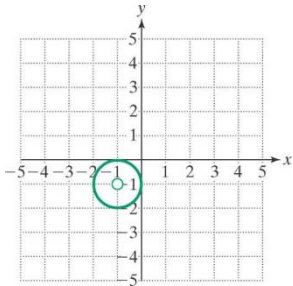
$$[x - 4]^2 + [y - (-2)]^2 = 3^2$$

$$h = 4, k = -2, r = 3$$

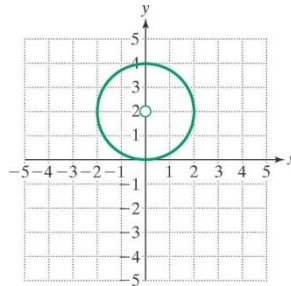
Center: $(4, -2)$; radius: 3



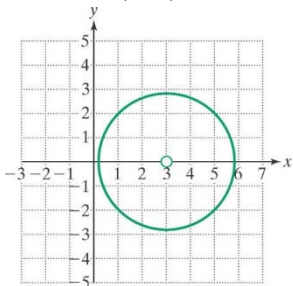
29. $(x+1)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 1$
 $[x - (-1)]^2 + [y - (-1)]^2 = 1^2$
 $h = -1, k = -1, r = 1$
Center: $(-1, -1)$; radius: 1



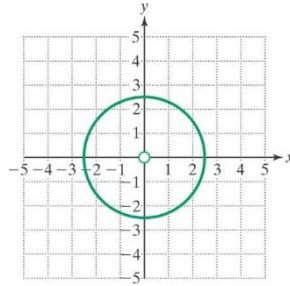
31. $x^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4$
 $[x - 0]^2 + [y - 2]^2 = 2^2$
 $h = 0, k = 2, r = 2$
Center: $(0, 2)$; radius: 2



33. $(x-3)^2 + y^2 = 8$
 $[x - 3]^2 + [y - 0]^2 = (\sqrt{8})^2$
 $h = 3, k = 0, r = 2\sqrt{2}$
Center: $(3, 0)$; radius: $2\sqrt{2}$

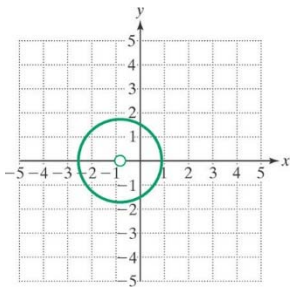


35. $x^2 + y^2 = 6$
 $[x - 0]^2 + [y - 0]^2 = (\sqrt{6})^2$
 $h = 0, k = 0, r = \sqrt{6}$
Center: $(0, 0)$; radius: $\sqrt{6}$

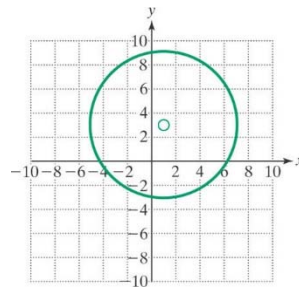
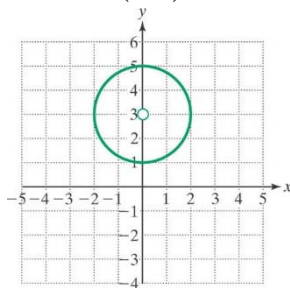


37. $\left(x + \frac{4}{5}\right)^2 + y^2 = \frac{64}{25}$
 $\left[x - \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)\right]^2 + [y - 0]^2 = \left(\frac{8}{5}\right)^2$
 $h = -\frac{4}{5}, k = 0, r = \frac{8}{5}$
Center: $\left(-\frac{4}{5}, 0\right)$; radius: $\frac{8}{5}$

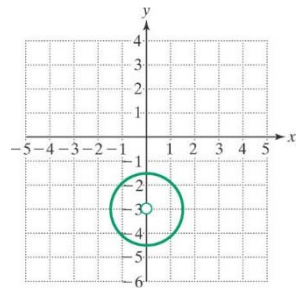
39. $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 6y - 26 = 0$
 $(x^2 - 2x) + (y^2 - 6y) = 26$
 $(x^2 - 2x + 1) + (y^2 - 6y + 9) = 26 + 1 + 9$
 $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 36$
 $[x - 1]^2 + [y - 3]^2 = 6^2$
Center: $(1, 3)$; radius: 6



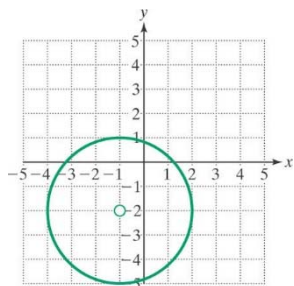
41. $x^2 + y^2 - 6y + 5 = 0$
 $x^2 + (y^2 - 6y) = -5$
 $x^2 + (y^2 - 6y + 9) = -5 + 9$
 $(x - 0)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 4$
 $[x - 0]^2 + [y - 3]^2 = 2^2$
 Center: $(0, 3)$; radius: 2



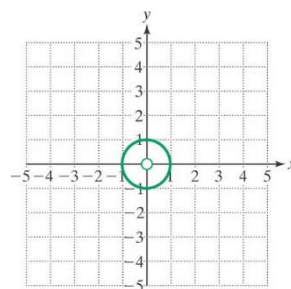
43. $x^2 + y^2 + 6y + \frac{65}{9} = 0$
 $x^2 + (y^2 + 6y) = -\frac{65}{9}$
 $x^2 + (y^2 + 6y + 9) = -\frac{65}{9} + 9$
 $(x - 0)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = \frac{16}{9}$
 $[x - 0]^2 + [y - (-3)]^2 = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^2$
 Center: $(0, -3)$; radius: $\frac{4}{3}$



45. $x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 4y - 4 = 0$
 $(x^2 + 2x) + (y^2 + 4y) = 4$
 $(x^2 + 2x + 1) + (y^2 + 4y + 4) = 4 + 1 + 4$
 $(x + 1)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 9$
 $[x - (-1)]^2 + [y - (-2)]^2 = 3^2$
 Center: $(-1, -2)$; radius: 3



47. $3x^2 + 3y^2 = 3$
 $x^2 + y^2 = 1$
 $[x - 0]^2 + [y - 0]^2 = 1^2$
 Center: $(0, 0)$; radius: 1



49. Center: $(0,0)$; radius: 2

$$h = 0, k = 0, r = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} [x - (0)]^2 + [y - (0)]^2 &= 2^2 \\ x^2 + y^2 &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

51. Center: $(0,2)$; radius: 2

$$h = 0, k = 2, r = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} [x - (0)]^2 + [y - (2)]^2 &= 2^2 \\ x^2 + (y - 2)^2 &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

53. Center: $(-2,2)$; radius: 3

$$h = -2, k = 2, r = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} [x - (-2)]^2 + [y - (2)]^2 &= 3^2 \\ (x + 2)^2 + (y - 2)^2 &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

55. Center: $(0,0)$; radius: 7

$$h = 0, k = 0, r = 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} [x - (0)]^2 + [y - (0)]^2 &= 7^2 \\ x^2 + y^2 &= 49 \end{aligned}$$

57. Center: $(-3,-4)$; diameter: 12

$$h = -3, k = -4, r = 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} [x - (-3)]^2 + [y - (-4)]^2 &= 6^2 \\ (x + 3)^2 + (y + 4)^2 &= 36 \end{aligned}$$

59. Center: $(5,3)$; radius: 1.5

$$h = 5, k = 3, r = 1.5$$

$$\begin{aligned} (x - 5)^2 + (y - 3)^2 &= 1.5^2 \\ (x - 5)^2 + (y - 3)^2 &= 2.25 \end{aligned}$$

61.

$$\begin{aligned} &\left(\frac{4 + (-2)}{2}, \frac{3 + 1}{2} \right) \\ &= \left(\frac{2}{2}, \frac{4}{2} \right) \\ &= (1, 2) \end{aligned}$$

63.

$$\begin{aligned} &\left(\frac{-4 + 2}{2}, \frac{-2 + 2}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{-2}{2}, \frac{0}{2} \right) \\ &= (-1, 0) \end{aligned}$$

65.

$$\begin{aligned} &\left(\frac{4 + (-6)}{2}, \frac{0 + 12}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{-2}{2}, \frac{12}{2} \right) \\ &= (-1, 6) \end{aligned}$$

67.

$$\begin{aligned} &\left(\frac{-3 + 3}{2}, \frac{8 + (-2)}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{0}{2}, \frac{6}{2} \right) \\ &= (0, 3) \end{aligned}$$

$$69. \left(\frac{5+(-6)}{2}, \frac{2+1}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{-1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right) = \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right)$$

$$71. \left(\frac{-2.4+1.6}{2}, \frac{-3.1+1.1}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{-0.8}{2}, \frac{-2}{2} \right) = (-0.4, -1)$$

$$73. (x_1, y_1) = (30, 20), (x_2, y_2) = (50, -5)$$

$$\left(\frac{30+50}{2}, \frac{20+(-5)}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{80}{2}, \frac{15}{2} \right) = (40, 7.5)$$

They should meet 40 miles east and 7.5 miles north of the warehouse.

$$75. \text{ a. Midpoint: } \left(\frac{-1+3}{2}, \frac{2+4}{2} \right) = (1, 3)$$

$$\text{Center: } (1, 3)$$

$$77. \text{ a. Midpoint: } \left(\frac{-2+2}{2}, \frac{3+3}{2} \right) = (0, 3)$$

$$\text{Center: } (0, 3)$$

$$\text{ b. } d = \sqrt{[3-(-1)]^2 + (4-2)^2} = \sqrt{4^2 + 2^2}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$r = \frac{d}{2} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$h = 1, k = 3, r = \sqrt{5}$$

$$(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = (\sqrt{5})^2$$

$$(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 5$$

$$\text{ b. } d = \sqrt{[2-(-2)]^2 + (3-3)^2} = \sqrt{4^2 + 0^2}$$

$$= 4$$

$$r = \frac{d}{2} = 2$$

$$h = 0, k = 3, r = 2$$

$$(x-0)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 2^2$$

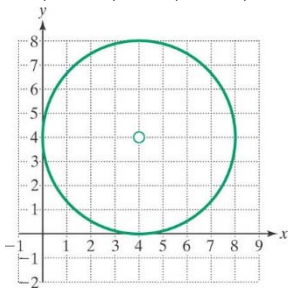
$$x^2 + (y-3)^2 = 4$$

$$79. \text{ Center: } (4, 4); \text{ tangent to } x\text{- and } y\text{-axes.}$$

$$h = 4, k = 4, r = 4$$

$$[x-(4)]^2 + [y-(4)]^2 = 4^2$$

$$(x-4)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 16$$



$$81. d = \sqrt{(-4-1)^2 + (3-1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(-5)^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{25+4} = \sqrt{29}$$

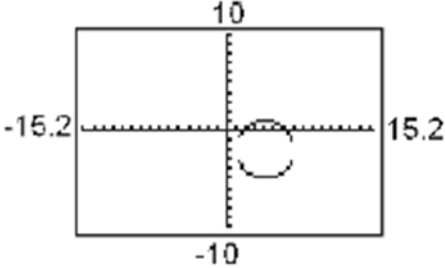
$$\text{Center: } (1, 1); \text{ radius: } \sqrt{29}$$

$$h = 1, k = 1, r = \sqrt{29}$$

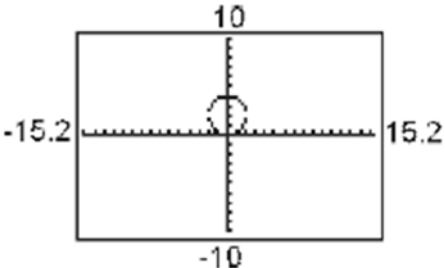
$$[x-(1)]^2 + [y-(1)]^2 = (\sqrt{29})^2$$

$$(x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 29$$

83.



85.



87.

